

Truck Hydraulics

Fixed and Variable Displacement Pumps, Motors and Accessories

Catalogue HY30-8200/UK April 2007



Conversion factors

1 kg	2,20 lb
1 N	0,225 lbf
1 Nm	0,738 lbf ft
1 bar	14,5 psi
1 l	0,264 US gallon
1 cm ³	0,061 cu in
1 mm	0,039 in
9/ ₅ °C + 32	1°F
	1,34 hp



Catalogue HY30-8200/UK **Technical Information**

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PTO's from Parker and Parker Chelsea

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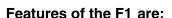
General Information

F1 Pump ISO

Series F1 is a further development of our well known 'truck pump', the F1. The F1 offers many additional values for operators of cargo cranes, hook loaders, skip loaders, forest cranes, concrete mixers and similar truck applications.

Series F1 is a very efficient and straight forward pump design with unsurpassed reliability.

Its small envelope size gives a simple and inexpensive installation.



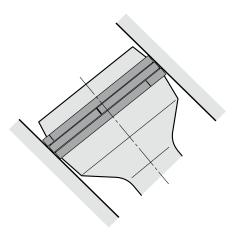
- · High selfpriming speeds
- Operating pressures up to 400 bar
- · High overall efficiency
- Low noise level
- · Small installation dimensions
- · Low weight

... thanks to:

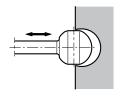
- 45° bent-axis angle
- Optimal inlet port geometry in the connection top
- Single housing design
- Spherical pistons high speeds
- Laminated piston rings low leakage
- Positive synchronisation with timing gear
- Installation above the reservoir level possible
- Tolerates low temperatures and high temperature shocks
- Shaft end and mounting flange meet the ISO standard for all sizes

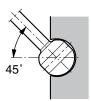
See page 14





F1 piston with laminated piston ring.





F1 piston-to-shaft locking.

F1 Pump SAE

Features:

- · Laminated piston rings low leakage
- · Positive synchronisation with timing gear
- · Operating pressure up to 350 bar
- Installation above the reservoir level possible
- Tolerates low temperatures and high temperature shocks
- Shaft end and mounting flange meet the standard SAE-B
- 4 sizes -25 / -41 / -51 / -61 cm³/rev

See page 22



F1 Motor ISO

Features:

- · Laminated piston rings low leakage
- · Positive synchronisation with timing gear
- · Operating pressure up to 250 bar
- Tolerates low temperatures and high temperature shocks
- Shaft end and mounting flange meet the ISO standard for all sizes
- Tolerates high acceleration

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Truck Hydraulics General Information

F2 Twin-flow pump

Series F2 is a further development of the twin-flow version of series F1, the very first bent-axis truck pump on the market to feature two entirely independent flows.

With a suitable build-up of the hydraulic system, the main advantage with a twin-flow pump is that three different flows can be provided at the same engine speed.

The twin-flow pump makes it possible to further optimise the hydraulic system and offers:

- Less energy consumption
- · Reduced risk of system overheating
- Lower weight
- Easier installation
- · Standardised system solutions

The twin-flow pump makes it possible to operate two work functions that are independent of each other which leads to higher speed and an increased operating precision.

Another requirement can be a large and a small flow, or two equal flows. All of these alternatives are possible with the twin-flow pump.

The pump can be utilised to provide one flow at high system pressure, and, as soon as the pressure has decreased sufficiently, add the flow from the other circuit.

This eliminates the risk of exceeding the PTO power rating and, at the same time, provide an optimal driving function.



Typical twin-flow applications

- Large truck loaders
- · Forestry cranes
- · Hook loaders/lift dumpers
- Tipper/crane combinations
- · Refuse collecting vehicles

The pump shaft end/mounting flange meets the ISO standard and suits PTO direct mounting.





T1 Pump

The T1 fixed displacement pump is a further development of series T1, which was specifically designed to meet the requirements of light duty truck applications with short, non-frequent operating cycles such as tippers, and small loaders.

The design is very similar to that of the F1 series pumps but is even more compact. It utilises our well proven 40° and 45° concepts with spherical pistons and laminated piston rings, offering high volumetric and mechanical efficiencies and, thanks also to the small number of parts, unprecedented reliability.

- Shaft speed to 2300 rpm
- Operating pressure up to 350 bar
- High overall efficiency
- · Low weight
- · Small installed envelope
- Robust construction

The T1, with shaft and mounting flange configuration conforming to the European standard, can be installed on most European truck gearboxes. Suitable powertake-offs are also available from Parker Hannifin.

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Typical T1 applications

- · Front end tippers
- Under body tippers
- · Ligt and low frequent used "hydraulic circuit "



VP1 Pump

The VP1 is a variable displacement pump for truck applications. It can be close-coupled to a gearbox PTO (power take-off) or to a coupling independent PTO (e.g. an engine PTO) which meets ISO standard 7653-1985.

An application that makes full use of all the features of the VP1 is truck cranes with a load sensing system. The complex systems of refuse collection vehicles and sewage trucks as well as various combinations of tippers, cranes, snow ploughs, and salt/sand spreaders can also be greatly simplified and optimised with the VP1 pump.

The VP1 provides the hydraulic system with the correct amount of fluid at precisely the right moment, effectively reducing energy consumption and heat generation. This means a smoother and quieter running system with much reduced impact on the environment.

The VP1 is highly efficient, has a small installation envelop and is extremely light. It is reliable, economical and easy to install.

The three frame sizes, VP1-45, -75 and -120 have small installation dimensions.



Large angle - compact design

The pump design permits a large angle, 20°, between piston and slipper shoe/swashplate, providing compactness and small outer dimensions.

Tandem coupling

The through-shaft on VP1-45/-75 permits tandem coupling of an additional pump, such as a series F1 fixed displacement pump.

Long life

The VP1 is designed for trucks with hydraulic load sensing systems. It is sturdy, yet simple, with few moving parts. The result is a reliable pump with long service life.

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The VP1 is suitable for all load sensing systems, regardless of make.

Features

- Variable displacement
- · Low noise level
- · High power-to-weight ratio
- Compact and light
- · Highly efficient
- Sturdy design
- · Withstands low temperatures
- Can be close coupled and tandem mounted. (tandem coupling only for VP1-45/-75)

Retainer plate

The retainer plate (refer to the cut-away illustration on page 35, chapter 7) is of a heavy duty design which makes the pump withstand high shaft speeds and fast speed changes.(e. g. engine PTO).



Accessories

Adaptor kits and accessories for F1, F2, T1 and VP1 pumps

BLA

Boost unit. **See chapter 8.**

Fittings

Suction fittings and fitting kits **See chapter 9.**

Bypass valve

BPV-F1/-T1, BPV-F1-25 and 81, BPV-F2, **See chapter 10**.

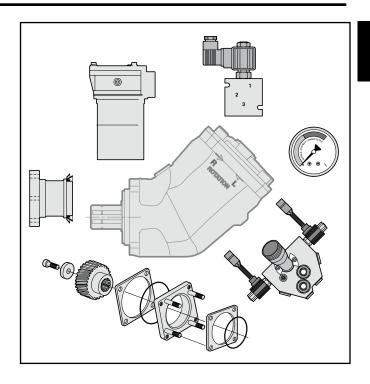
Unloading valve

BPV-VP1, BPV-L. See chapter 10.

Accessories

Universal PTO air valve kits, PTO adapter kits for engines, cardan shafts, pump couplings and mounting brackets, and splitter boxes (SB 1-1,18, 1-1,54)

See chapter 11.





Pump and Line selection

Installation guide lines for F1, F2, T1 and VP1 pumps

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Pump selection F1 and T1

The following table shows pump flow at selected PTO gear ratios and engine rpm's.

PTO gear ratio	Engine speed [rpm]	Pump flow [l/min] T1-51 T1-81				T1 121		
	[.6]	F1-25	F1-41	F1-51	F1-61	F1-81	F1-101	
1:0.8	800	16	26	33	38	52	66	76
	900	18	29	37	43	59	74	85
	1000	20	33	41	48	65	82	95
	1100	23	36	45	52	72	91	104
	1200	25	39	49	57	78	99	114
1:1.0	800	20	33	41	48	65	82	95
	900	23	37	46	54	73	93	107
	1000	26	41	51	60	82	103	119
	1100	28	45	56	65	90	113	130
	1200	31	49	61	71	98	123	142
1.1.25	800	26	41	51	60	82	103	119
	900	29	46	57	67	92	116	133
	1000	32	51	64	74	102	129	148
	1100	35	56	70	82	111	141	163
	1200	38	61	77	89	122	154	178
1:1.5	800	31	49	61	71	98	123	142
	900	35	55	69	80	110	139	160
	1000	38	61	77	90	122	154	178
	1100	42	67	84	98	135	170	196
	1200	46	74	92	107	147	185	213

NOTE:

- Make sure max torque and bending moment (due to the weight of the pump) of the utilised PTO are not exceeded. (The approx. center of gravity of the various pump sizes are shown in the installation drawings).
- Make sure max allowed output torque from the PTO is not exceeded.
- Contact Parker Hannifin if the inlet (suction) pressure is believed to be less than 1.0 bar (absolute); insufficient inlet pressure can cause noise and pump damage because of cavitation.

Flow and torque formulas (no regard to efficiency)

Flow: Q = $\frac{D \times n}{1000}$ [I/min]

where: D is pump displacement [cm³/rev]

n is shaft speed [rpm]

Torque: $M = \frac{D \times p}{63} [Nm]$

where: D is pump displacement [cm³/rev]

p is utilised pressure [bar]



Technical Information

Truck Hydraulics Pump and Line selection

A suitable pump size for a truck application can be selected as follows:

Operating conditions

As an example, a cargo crane specifies:

• Flow: 60-80 l/min Pressure: 230 bar Diesel engine speed ≈ 800 rpm

Determine pump speed

As example a PTO with a Gear Ratio of 1:1.54.

The pump speed will be:

• 800 x $1.54 \approx 1200 \text{ rpm}$

Select a suitable pump size

Use diagram 1 and select a pump that will provide 60 - 80 l/min at 1200 rpm.

Follow line 'a' (1200 rpm) until it crosses line 'b' (70 l/min).

• F1-61 is a suitable choice

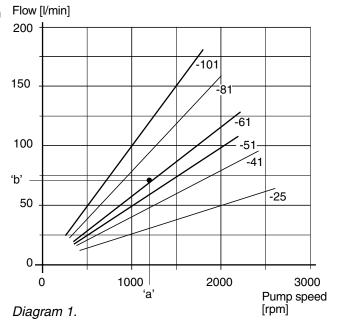
Required input torque

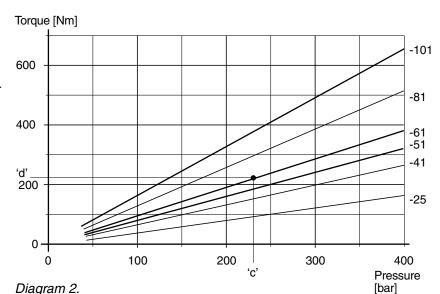
Make sure the PTO and the gear-box tolerates the pump torque. Use diagram 2 to obtain the required pump torque.

Follow a line from 'c' (230 bar) until it crosses the F1-60 line (the selected pump).

• Read 220 Nm (at 'd')

NOTE: A rule-of-thumb is to select the highest PTO ratio and the smallest pump size that meets the crane specification without exceeding the pump speed, pressure, and power limitations.





Line selection all pumps

Line type	Flow velocity [m/s]
Inlet (suction)	max 1.0
Outlet (pressure)	max 5.0

Flow rate Flow velocity [m/s] at selected line sizes [mm/inches] 51 / 2" 64 / 2¹/₂" [l/min] $19/3/_{4}$ " $25 / 1" 32 / 1^{1}/_{4}"$ $38 / 1^{1}/_{2}$ " 25 1.5 0.8 0.5 0.4 0.2 0.1 50 2.9 1.7 1.0 0.7 0.4 0.3 75 4.4 2.5 1.6 1.1 0.6 0.4 Inlet (suction) line 100 2.1 (5.9)3.4 1.5 0.8 0.5 150 (8.8)(5.1)3.1 2.2 1.3 (0.8)4.1 2.9 200 1.6 1.0

Table 1. Outlet (pressure) line



Truck Hydraulics Pump and Line selection

In order to obtain sufficient inlet (suction) pressure to the pump, low noise level and low heat generation, flow speeds shown in table 2, right, should not be exceeded.

From table 1 (page 12), select the smallest line dimension that meets the flow speed recommendation; example:

 At 100 l/min, a 50 mm suction line and a 25 mm pressure line is needed. **NOTE:** Long inlet (suction) lines, low inlet pressure (caused by e.g. a reservoir positioned below the pump) and/or low temperatures may require larger line dimensions.

Alternatively, the pump speed will have to be lowered to avoid pump cavitation (which may cause noise, deteriorating performance and pump damage).

Line type	Flow velocity [m/s]
Inlet (suction)	max 1.0
Outlet (pressure)	max 5.0

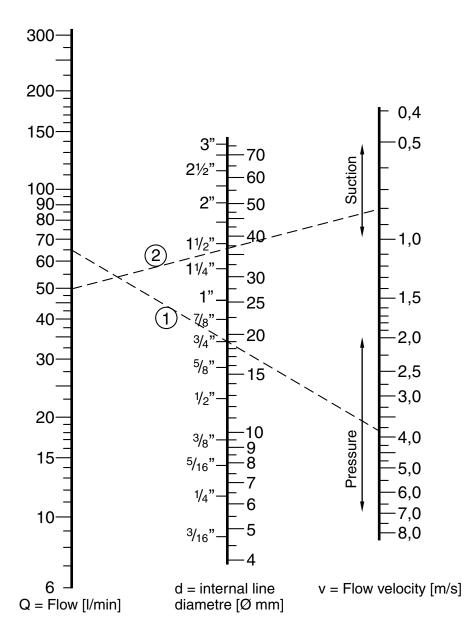
Table 2.

Nomogram

Flow - Line dimension - Flow velocity

Q = 65 l/min d = 3/4" v = 3.8 m/sExample 2
Suction line Q = 50 l/min v = 0.8 m/s d = 1 1/2"

Example 1 Pressure line







F1 Pump F1-ISO



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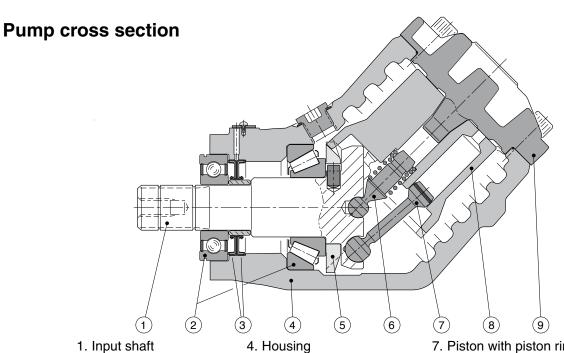


F1-25 to -101, ISO **Specifications**

F1 frame size	25	41	51	61	81	101
Displacement [cm ³ /rev]	25.6	40.9	51.1	59.5	81.6	102.9
Max flow ¹⁾ [I/min] at 350 bar at 400 bar	67 56	98 86	112 97	131 113	163 ³⁾ 143	185 ³⁾ 160
Max operating pressure [bar] continuous intermittent	350 — 400 —					- 350 - 400
Shaft speed [rpm] - short circuited pump (low press.) - max speed at 350 bar ²⁾ at 400 bar ²⁾	2700 2600 2200	2700 2400 2100	2700 2200 1900	2700 2200 1900	2300 2000 ³⁾ 1750	2300 1800 ³⁾ 1550 ³⁾
Torque ¹⁾ [Nm] at 350 bar at 400 bar	142 163	227 260	284 324	331 378	453 518	572 653
Input power [kW] - continuous - intermittent 4)	31 39	46 57	52 66	61 76	76 95	86 108
Weight [kg]	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	12.5	12.5

- 1) Theoretical values
- Valid at an inlet pressure of 1.0 bar (abs.) when operating on mineral oil at a viscosity of 30 mm²/s (cSt).
- Valid with $2^1/_2$ " inlet (suction) line. With 2" suction line: F1-81 max 1400 rpm (Q \approx 120 l/min); F1-101 max 1000 rpm (Q \approx 120 l/min).
- 4) Max 6 seconds in any one minute.

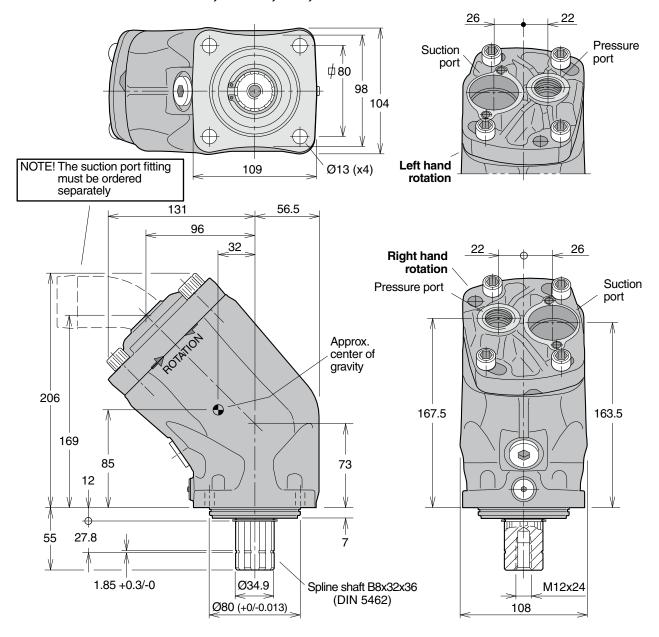
NOTE: For noise level information, contact Parker Hannifin



- 2. Bearings
- 3. Shaft seals
- 5. Timing gear
- 6. Barrel support
- 7. Piston with piston ring
- 8. Cylinder barrel
- 9. End cap



Installation dimensions, F1-25, -41, -51 and -61



Ordering code

Example: F1- 81 - R
F1 frame size
25, 41, 51, 61, 81 or 101
Shaft rotation
R Right hand

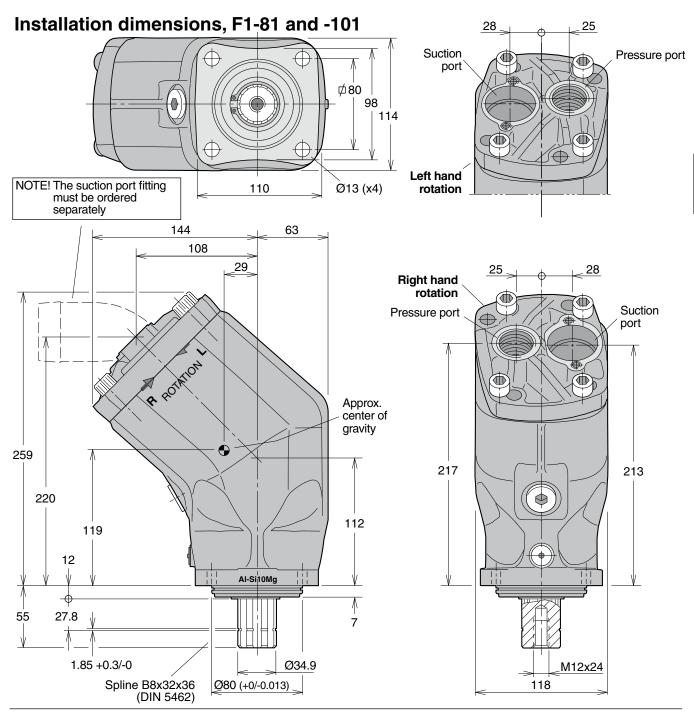
NOTE: The F1 pump **does not** include a suction fitting; it must be ordered separately. See chapter 9.

Standard versions

Designation	Ordering no.
F1-25-R	378 1024
-L	378 1025
F1-41-R	378 1040
-L	378 1041
F1-51-R	378 1050
-L	378 1051
F1-61-R	378 1060
-L	378 1061



L Left hand



Port size

F1 frame size	Pressure port 1)
-25	3/4"
-41	3/4"
-51	3/4"
-61	3/4"
-81	1"
-101	1"

1) BSP thread (fitting not included)

Standard versions

Designation	Ordering no.
F1-81-R	378 1080
-L	378 1081
F1-101-R	378 1100
-L	378 1101

NOTE: The F1 pump **does not** include a suction fitting; it must be ordered separately. See chapter 9.



F1-12 ISO with BSP port treads

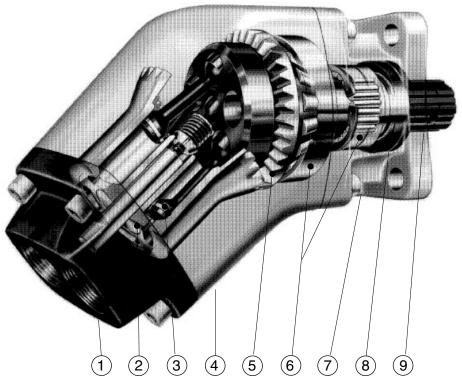
Specifications

F1 frame size	12
Displacement [cm ³ /rev]	12
Max flow 1) [l/min]	28
Max operating pressure [bar]	350
Shaft speed [rpm] - short circuited pump (low press.) - max selfpriming speed	3100 2300
Torque ¹⁾ [Nm]	67
Input power [kW] - continuous - intermittent ²⁾ Weight [kg]	16.1 21.7 6.7

- 1) Theoretical values
- 2) Max 6 seconds in any one minute.

NOTE: For noise level information, contact Parker Hannifin

Pump cross section

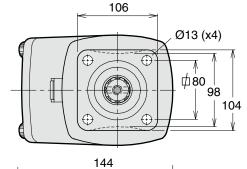


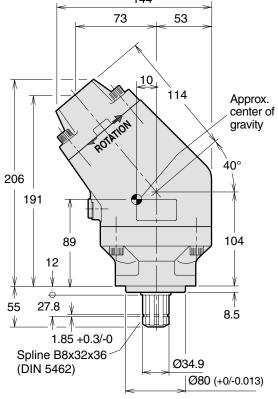
1 End cap 4 Barrel housing 7 Bearing housing with flange

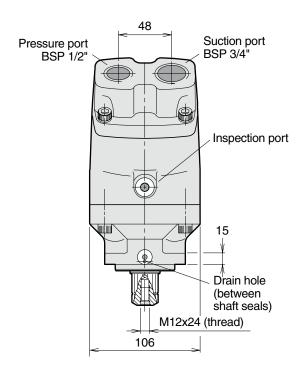
2 Cylinder barrel5 Timing gear8 Shaft seals3 Piston with piston ring6 Roller bearings9 Input shaft



Installations dimensions, F1-12 with BSP port treads







Ordering code

F1- 12 - R
F1 frame size 12
Shaft rotation
R Right hand

NOTE: The F1 pump does not include a suction fitting; it must be ordered separately. See chapter 9.

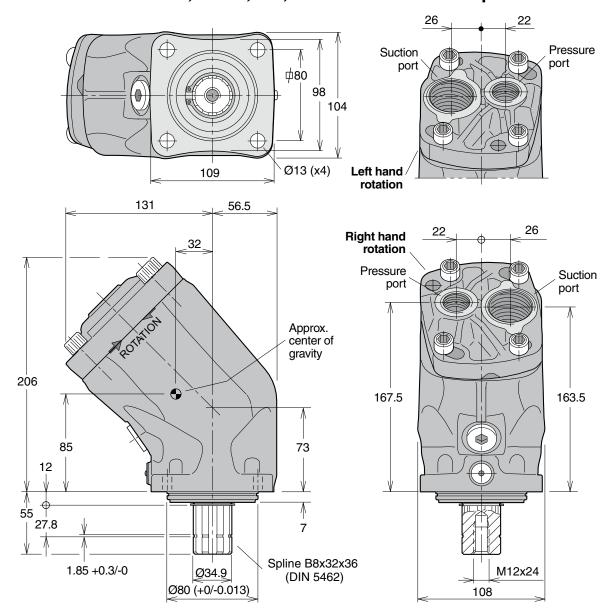
Standard versions

Designation	Ordering no.
F1-12-R	378 2212
-L	378 2211



L Left hand

Installations dimensions, F1-25, -41, -51 and -61 with BSP port treads



Port size (all ports are BSP)

F1 frame size	Pressure port	Suction port
-25	3/4"	1"
-41	3/4"	1"
-51	3/4"	1"
-61	3/4"	1"

Ordering code

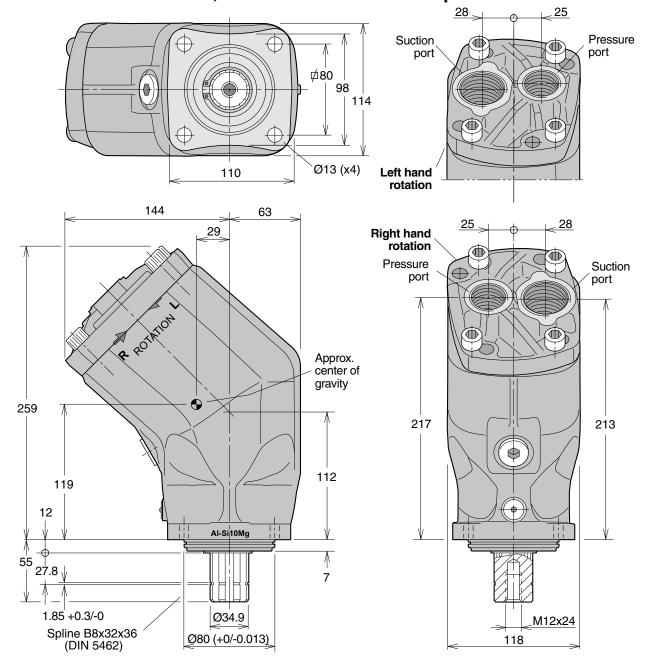
Example:	F1-81 - RB
F1 frame size	
25, 41, 51, 61, 81 or	101
Shaft rotation/port thre	ads
RB Right hand/BSP)
LB Left hand/BSP	

Standard versions

Designation	Ordering no.
F1-25-RB	378 4024
-LB	378 4025
F1-41-RB	378 4040
-LB	378 4041
F1-51-RB	378 4050
-LB	378 4051
F1-61-RB	378 4060
-LB	378 4061



Installations dimensions, F1-81 and -101 with BSP port treads



Port size (all ports are BSP)

F1 frame size	Pressure port	Suction port
-81	1"	11/4"
-101	1"	11/4"

Ordering code

Example:	F1- <u>81</u> - <u>RB</u>
F1 frame size ———	
25, 41, 51, 61, 81 or 10	01
Shaft rotation/port thread	ds ———
RB Right hand/BSP	
LB Left hand/BSP	

Standard versions

Designation	Ordering no.
F1-81-RB	378 4080
-LB	378 4081
F1-101-RB	378 4100
-LB	378 4101



F1 Pump F1-SAE



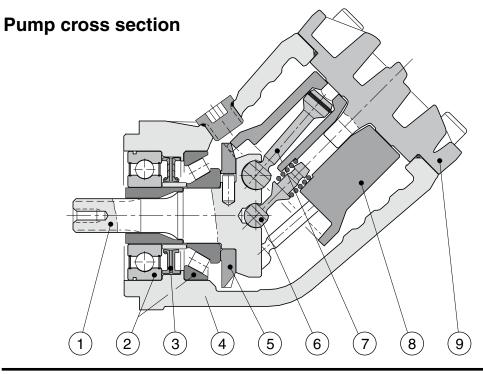
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Specifications

F1 frame size	25	41	51	61
Displacement [cm ³ /rev] [cu in/rev]	25.6	40.9	51.1	59.5
	1.56	<i>2.50</i>	<i>3.12</i>	<i>3.63</i>
Max flow 1) at 350 bar [l/min] at 5000 psi [gpm] at 400 bar [l/min] at 5000 psi [gpm]	67	98	112	131
	17.7	<i>25.9</i>	29.6	<i>34.6</i>
	56	86	97	113
	14.8	<i>22.7</i>	25.6	<i>29.8</i>
Max operating pressure continuous [bar]/[psi] intermittent [bar]/[psi]		350/ 400/		
Shaft speed [rpm] - short circuited pump (low press.) - max speed at 350 bar ²⁾ /5000 psi ²⁾ at 400 bar ² /5800 psi ²⁾	2700	2700	2700	2700
	2600	2400	2200	2200
	2200	2100	1900	1900
Torque ¹⁾ at 350 bar [Nm] at 5000 psi <i>[lbf ft]</i> at 400 bar [Nm] at 5800 psi <i>[lbf ft]</i>	142	227	284	331
	105	168	210	<i>244</i>
	163	260	324	378
	120	192	239	<i>279</i>
Input power - continuous [kW] [hp] - intermittent [kW] ³⁾ [hp] ³⁾ Weight [kg] [lbs]	31	46	52	61
	<i>42</i>	62	70	<i>82</i>
	39	57	66	76
	<i>52</i>	76	88	<i>102</i>
	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
	18.7	18.7	18.7	<i>18.7</i>

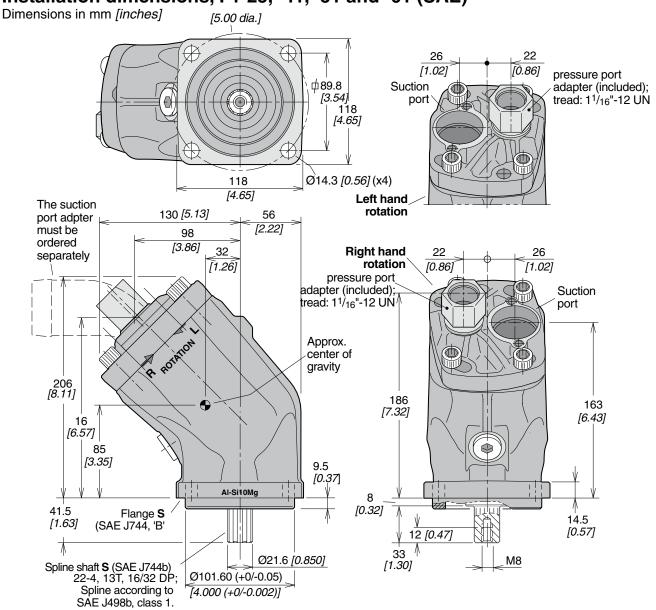
- 1) Theoretical values
- **NOTE:** For noise level information, contact Parker Hannifin.
- Valid at an inlet pressure of 1.0 bar/15 psi (abs.) when operating on mineral oil at a viscosity of 30 mm²/s (cSt)/150 SUS.
- 3) Max 6 seconds in any one minute.



- 1. Input shaft
- 2. Bearings
- 3. Shaft seal
- 4. Housing
- 5. Timing gear
- 6. Barrel support
- 7. Piston with piston ring
- 8. Cylinder barrel
- 9. End cap

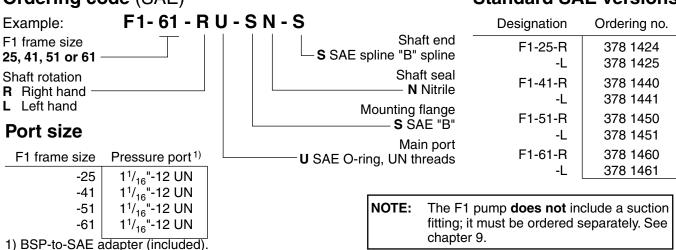


Installation dimensions, F1-25, -41, -51 and -61 (SAE)



Ordering code (SAE)

Standard SAE versions





F1 Motor



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Specifications

Motor frame size F1-	25-M	41-M	51-M	61-M	81-M	101-M	121-M
Displacement [cm ³ /rev]	25.6	40.9	51.1	59.5	81.6	102.9	118,5
Max operating pressure [bar] - continuous - intermittent	250 — 350 —						250 350
Max shaft speed [rpm] - continuous - intermittent	2 300 3 000	2 000 2 700	1 800 2 400	1 700 2 200	1 500 2 000	1 400 1 800	1300 1700
Torque (theor.) [Nm] - at 200 bar - at 350 bar	81 142	130 227	162 284	189 331	259 453	327 572	376 658
Max output power [kW] - continuous - intermittent Weight [kg]	20 26 8.5	27 37 8.5	31 41 8.5	34 44 8.5	41 54 12.5	48 62 12.5	51 67 12.5

Ordering code

Example: F1 - 81 - M T F1 Motor frame size -25, 41, 51, 61, 81, 101 or 121

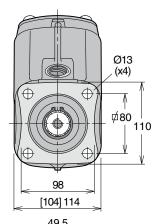
Port size

F1 motor frame size	Port size
F1-25/41/51/61	3/4"
-81/101/121	1"

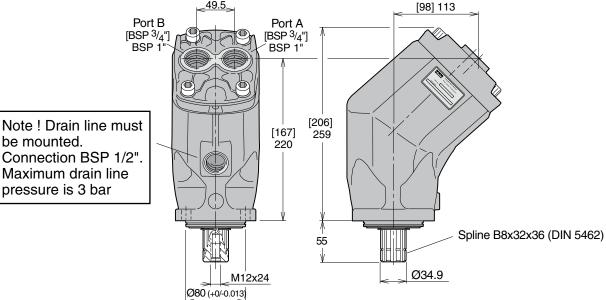
Standard versions

Designation	Ordering no.
F1-25-M	378 1724
-41-M	378 1740
-51-M	378 1750
-61-M	378 1760
-81-M	378 1780
-101-M	378 1800
-121-M	378 4120

Installation dimensions



NOTE: - Dimensions, in mm, are valid for all frame sizes, except those in brackets [] which are valid for F1-25/-41/-51/-61-M only.





be mounted.

F2 Twin-flow Pump



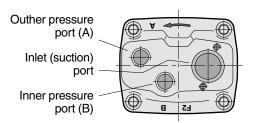
Contents	Page	Chapter
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Specifications	28	
Installation dimensions	29	
Ordering code	29	
Standard versions	29	
Suction fittings	44	9
Installation and start up	61	12



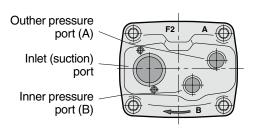
Specifications

Frame size F2 -	42/42	53/53	55/28	70/35
Displacement [cm ³ /rev] Port A Port B	43 41	54 52	55 28	69 36
Max operating pressure [bar] continuous intermittent	350 400	350 400	350 400	350 400
Max shaft speed [rpm] (unloaded pump; low pressure)	2550	2550	2550	2550
Max selfpriming speed [rpm] Ports A ¹⁾²⁾ and B ¹⁾²⁾ pressurised Port A ²⁾ unloaded, pressure in port B	1800 2100	1800 2100	1800 2100	1800 2100
Input power [kW] Max intermittent ³⁾ Max continuous	100 88	126 110	100 88	126 110
Weight [kg]	19	19	19	19

'Left hand' and 'right hand' end caps



End cap for right hand rotating pump



End cap for left hand rotating pump

- 1) Valid with 2¹/₂" inlet (suction) line; with 2" inlet line: 53/53 and 70/35 max 1 100 rpm 42/42 and 55/28 max 1400 rpm. (q≈120 l/min)
- 2) Measured at 1.0 bar abs. inlet pressure.
 - Please note: A lower inlet pressure affects pump performance.
- 3) Max 6 seconds in any one minute.

Flow vs. shaft speed (theoretical)

		-								
Pump speed [rpm]	800	1000	1200	1400	1600	1800	1900	2000	2100	
F2-53/53 flow [l/min]										7
Port A	43	54	65	76	86	97	-	-	-	
Port B	42	52	62	73	83	94	99	104	109	
Total (ports $A + B$)	85	106	127	149	169	191	-	-	-	
	Note:	42/42 v	alues is	80% of	53/53 va	alues				
F2-70/35 flow [I/min]										
Port A	55	69	83	97	110	124	-	-	-	
Port B	29	36	43	50	58	65	68	72	76	
Total (ports $A + B$)	84	105	126	147	168	189	-	-	-	
Note: 55/28 values is 80% of 70/35 values										

Shaft torque vs. pressure (theoretical)

Pressure [bar]	150	200	250	300	350	
F2-53/53 torque [Nm] Port A Port B Total (ports A + B)	129 124 253 Note:	171 165 336 42/42 v	214 206 420 values is	257 248 505 80% of	300 289 589 53/53 val u	ies
F2-70/35 torque [Nm] Port A Port B Total (ports A + B)	164 86 250 Note :	219 114 333 55/28 v a	274 143 417 alues is	329 171 500 80% of 7	383 200 583 70/35 valu	es



81 **Installation dimensions** Outlet (pressure) 51 Inlet (suction) port (BSP 3/4") port ₫ 80 Right hand rotation ₫ 109 Left hand rotation 213 81 74 109 51 18 169 Approx. center of gravity 40° Inspection 262 port 277 (plugged) 243 127 119 15 12 8.5 Drain hole 27.8 (between shaft seals) 1.85 +0.3/-0 Ø33 +0/-0.1 M12x24 Spline B8x32x36 Ø34.9 148 (DIN 5462) Ø80 (+0/-0.013)

Ordering code Example: F2 - 53/53 - L Frame size [cm³/rev] 42/42 53/53 55/28 70/35 Direction of rotation L Left hand

Standard versions

Designation	Ordering no.
F2-42/42-R	378 4042
F2-42/42-L	378 4043
F2-53/53-R	378 1453
F2-53/53-L	378 1454
F2-55/28-R	378 4128
F2-55/28-L	378 4129
F2-70/35-R	378 1470
F2-70/35-L	378 1471

NOTE:

- Before start-up, tighten the inspection port plug to 70–100 Nm.
- To change the direction of rotation, the end cap must be replaced.

NOTE: The F2 pump does not include a suction fitting; it must be ordered separately. See chapter 9.



R Right hand

T1 Pump



Contents	Page	Chapter
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Installation dimensions	32-33	
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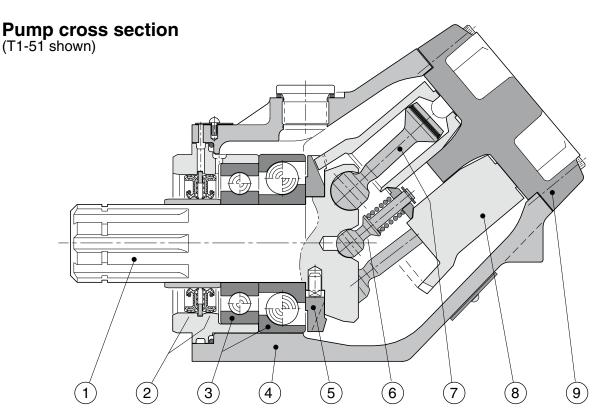
Specifications

T1 frame size	51	81	121
Displacement [cm ³ /rev]	50.0	81.5	118,5
Max flow 1) [l/min] Max operating pressure [bar]	105	163 ³⁾	190 ³⁾
continuous intermittent ⁴⁾	200 350 –	200	250 _ 350
Shaft speed [rpm] short circuited pump (low press.) max speed ²⁾	2300 2100	2300 2000 ³⁾	2300 1600 ³⁾
Torque ¹⁾ [Nm] at 200 bar at 350 bar	158 278	258 453	376 658
Input power [kW] continuous intermittent ⁴⁾	27 34	54 67	71 89
Weight [kg]	7.2	8.5	12.5

- 1) Theoretical values
- Valid at an inlet pressure of 1.0 bar (abs.) when operating on mineral oil at a viscosity of 30 mm²/s (cSt).
- Valid with 2¹/₂" inlet (suction) line.
 With 2" suction line:
 T1-81 max 1400 rpm (Q≈120 l/min);
 T1-121 max 950 rpm (Q≈120 l/min).
- 4) Max 6 seconds in any one minute.

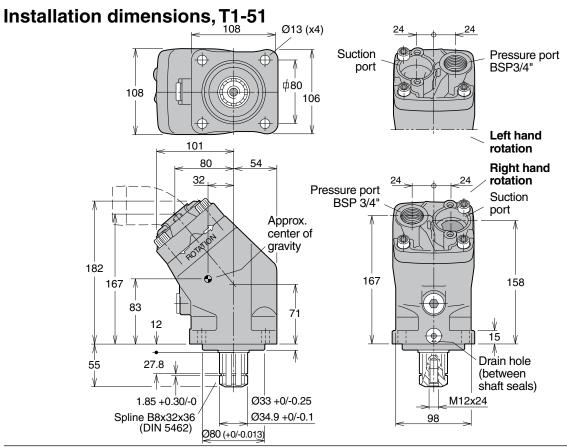
NOTE:

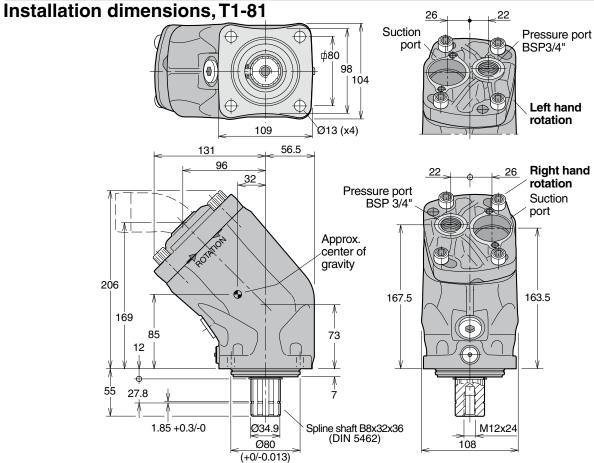
For noise level information, contact Parker Hannifin.



- 1. Input shaft
- 2. Shaft seals
- 3. Roller bearings
- 4. Housing
- 5. Timing gear
- 6. Barrel support
- 7. Piston with piston ring
- 8. Cylinder barrel
- 9. End cap

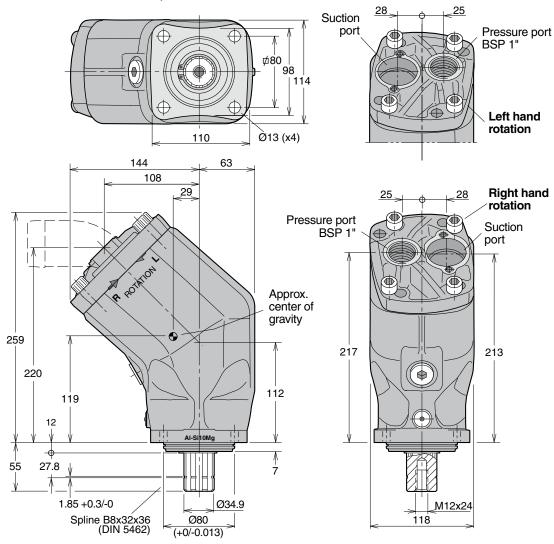








Installation dimensions, T1-121



Ordering code

Example: T1 - 81 - R

T1 frame size 51, 81 or 121

Shaft rotation R Right hand L Left hand

NOTE: The T1 pump **does not** include a suction fitting; it must be ordered separately. See chapter 9.

Standard versions

Designation	Ordering no.	
T1-51-R	378 2250 378 2251	
T1-81-Ŗ	378 2180	
-L T1-121-R	378 2181 378 2120	
-L	378 2121	

Port size

T1 frame size	Pressure port 1)			
-51	3/4"			
-81	3/4"			
-121	1"			
1) BSP thread (fitting not included).				





VP1 Pump



Contents

Pump and Line selection	10	2
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VP1-45/-75 cross section and installation dimensions VP1-045/075	35-36	
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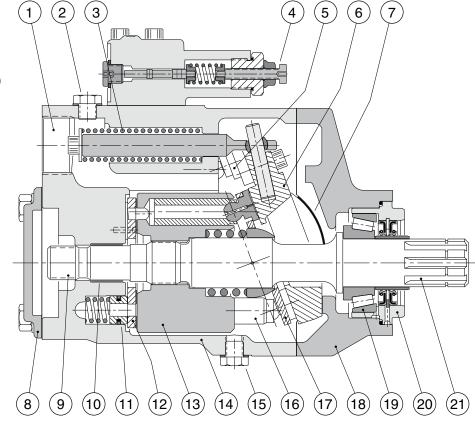
Specifications

Frame size	VP1-45	VP1-75	VP1-120
Max displacement [cm ³ /rev]	45	75	120
Max pressure [bar] continuous 1) intermittent 2)	350 400	350 400	300 350
Response time [ms] max-to-min min-to-max	20-30 90-120	20-40 100-140	20-40 100-140
Selfpriming speed ³⁾ [rpm] 2" suction line, max 2 ¹ / ₂ " suction line, max	2200 2400	1700 2100	- 1900
Control type		— LS —	
Shaft end spline		DIN 5462	-
Mounting flange	IS	O 7653-198	35 ——
Weight (with control) [kg]		— 27 —	

- 1) Refer to page 36, 'LS control'.
- 2) Max 6 seconds in any one minute.
- At an inlet pressure of 1.0 bar (abs.) with mineral oil at a viscosity of 30 mm²/s (cSt).

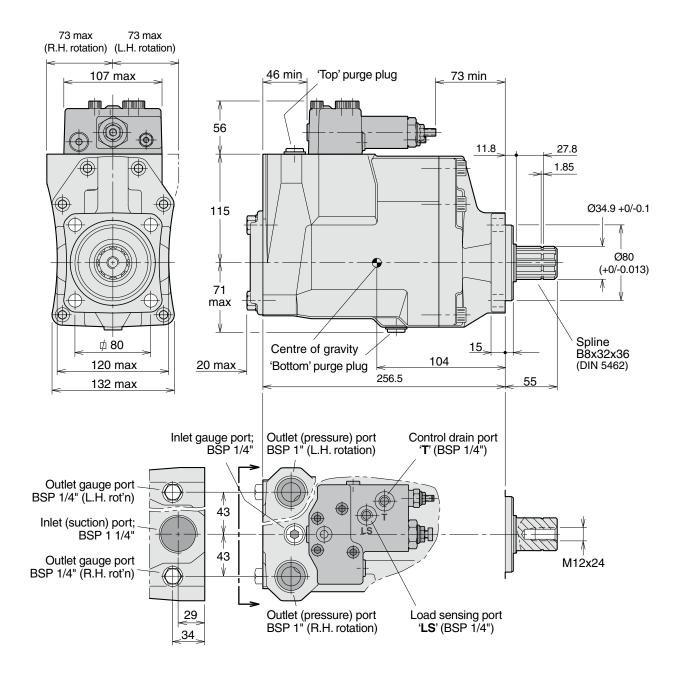
VP1-45/-75 cross section

- 1. Inlet port
- 2. 'Top' purge plug
- 3. Return spring
- 4. Control
- 5. Setting piston (one of two)
- 6. Swash plate
- 7. Bearing shell
- 8. End cover
- 9. Spline (for mounting an auxiliary pump)
- 10. Bearing sleeve
- 11. Hold-down plunger
- 12. Valve plate
- 13. Cylinder barrel
- 14. Barrel housing
- 15. 'Bottom' purge plug
- 16. Piston with piston shoe
- 17. Retainer plate
- 18. Bearing housing
- 19. Roller bearing
- 20. Shaft seals with carrier
- 21. Input shaft





Installation dimensions (VP1-45 and -75)



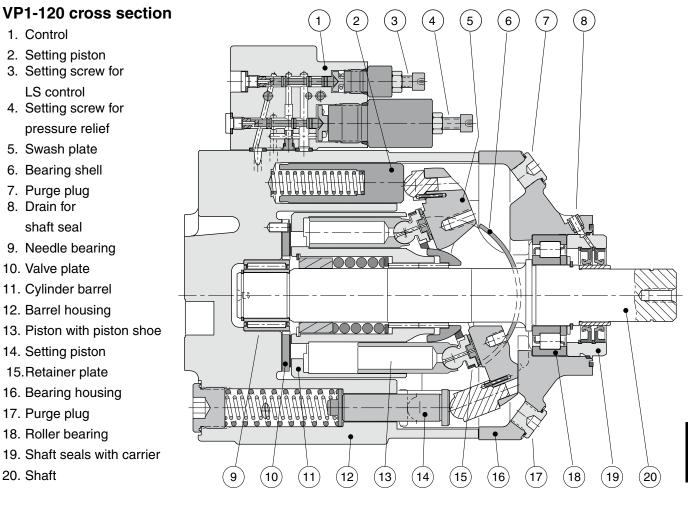
IMPORTANT

The control is *not* drained through the pump case. An external line *must be installed* between the control drain port 'T' and the reservoir.

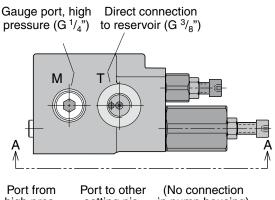
NOTE: The F1 pump **does not** include a suction fitting; it must be ordered separately. See chapter 9.

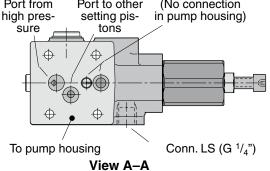


- 1. Control
- 2. Setting piston
- 3. Setting screw for LS control
- 4. Setting screw for pressure relief
- 5. Swash plate
- 6. Bearing shell
- 7. Purge plug
- 8. Drain for shaft seal
- 9. Needle bearing
- 10. Valve plate
- 11. Cylinder barrel
- 12. Barrel housing
- 13. Piston with piston shoe
- 14. Setting piston
- 15. Retainer plate
- 16. Bearing housing
- 17. Purge plug
- 18. Roller bearing
- 19. Shaft seals with carrier
- 20. Shaft

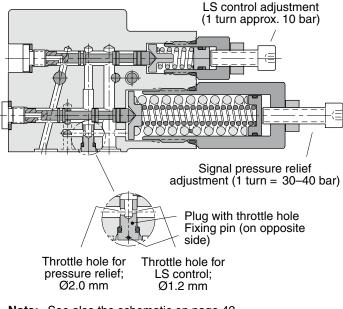


Control type LS (for VP1-120)





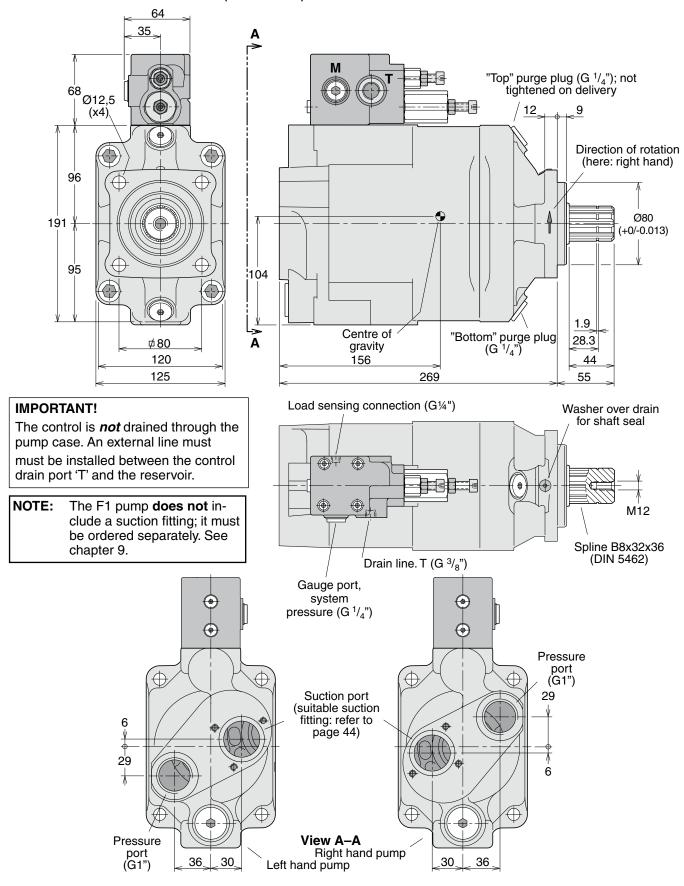
Cross section of VP1-120 control.



Note: See also the schematic on page 42.



Installation dimensions (VP1-120)





Ordering information

NOTE:

The VP1 is uni-directional. Consequently, the desired direction of rotation must be stated when ordering.

Standard model numbers

Designation	Ordering no.
VP1-045-R	378 0334
VP1-045-L	378 0335
VP1-075-R VP1-075-L	378 0336 378 0337
VP1-120-R VP1-120-L	378 3182 378 3183

VP1 in load sensing systems

When installed in a load sensing system, the VP1 supplies the correct amount of flow required by the various work functions currently engaged.

This means that energy consumption and heat generation are minimised and much reduced in comparison with a fixed displacement pump used in the same system.

Diagram 1 shows the required power (flow times pressure) in a constant flow system with a fixed displacement pump.

Diagram 2 shows the sharply reduced power requirement in a load sensing system with a variable displacement pump such as the VP1.

In both cases the pump pressure is slightly higher than what is required by the heaviest load ('Load 2') but the VP1, because of the much smaller flow being delivered, needs only the power indicated by the shaded area 'Load power'.

In a constant flow system, on the other hand, excess fluid is shunted to tank and the corresponding power, 'Wasted power' (shown in diagram 1), is a heat loss.

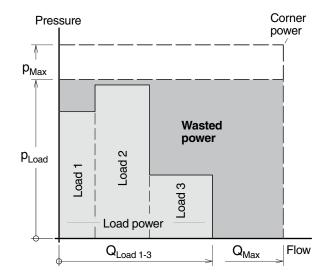


Diagram 1. Constant flow system with a fixed displacement pump.

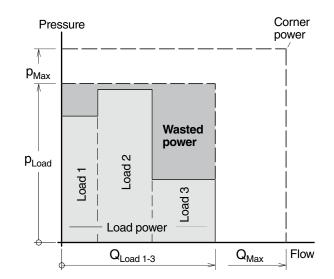


Diagram 2. Constant flow system with a variable displacement pump (e.g. VP1).

Systems comparison

System Pump	Constant flow Fixed displ.	Load-sensing VP1 variable displ.
Pump adjustments	Pressure only	Pressure and flow
Load*	Some influence	Some influence
Energy		
consumption	High	Low
Heat generation	High	Low

^{*} Simultaneous operation of loads with non-equal flows and pressures; refer to the above diagrams.



VP1-LS load sensing control

The VP1 pump with LS control can be used with any load sensing directional valve on the market.

The control governs the pump flow to the main hydraulic system as determined by the pressure differential, Δp , between the pump pressure and the LS load signal pressure.

At a certain 'opening' of the directional valve, the pump flow is kept constant (up to max specified rpm and pressure limits of the pump) even if the pump pressure changes due to increasing or decreasing work load.

The LS control (fig. 2) consists of a valve body, which installes on the main pump housing, a built-in spool-type load sensing control, and a pressure relief valve limiting the LS signal pressure. Both functions are adjustable.

The two-position, three-way spool valve is connected to

system pressure, the LS load signal and the two setting pistons (fig. 1).

In the no-flow mode, the pump maintains a stand-by pressure as determined by the setting of the valve spring (there is no pressure in the LS signal line from the directional valve).

The pressure limiter consists of a cartridge valve (fig. 2); the setting limits the LS signal pressure.

LS load sensing control function VP1-45/75

Refer to the hydraulic schematic (fig. 1).

A selected 'opening' of the directional control valve spool corresponds to a certain flow to the work function. This flow, in turn, creates a pressure differential over the spool and, consequently, also a Δp between the pump outlet and the LS port.

When the differential pressure decreases (e.g. the directional valve is 'opened' further) the Δp also decreases and the LS valve spool moves to the left. The pressure to the setting pistons then decreases and the pump displacement increases.

The increase in pump displacement stops when the Δp finally reaches the setting (e.g. 25 bar) and the forces acting on the valve spool are equal.

If there is no LS signal pressure (e.g. when the directional valve is in the neutral, no-flow position) the pump only delivers sufficient flow to maintain the standby pressure as determined by the Δp setting.

LS control adjustments

Pressure limiter

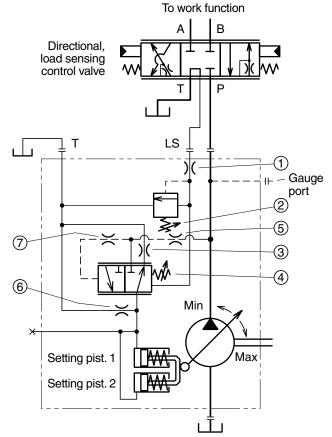
The cartridge is factory set at 350 bar but is adjustable from 275 to 350 bar.

LS load sensing valve

From factory, the Δp is set at 25 bar but is adjustable up to 35 bar.

The 25 bar setting and the standard orifice sizes shown in fig. 2 will usually provide an acceptable directional valve characteristic as well as system stability.

For additional information, contact Parker Hannifin.



- Load signal orifice (1.0 mm; fixed)
- 2. Signal pressure limiter adjustment
- 3. Return line nozzle (0.6 mm)
- 4. Differential pressure (Δp) adjustment
- 5. System pressure dampening nozzle (2.0 mm)
- 6. Bleed-off nozzle (0.6 mm)
- 7. Dampening nozzle (fixed)

Fig. 1. Hydraulic schematic.



LS valve block VP1-45/75

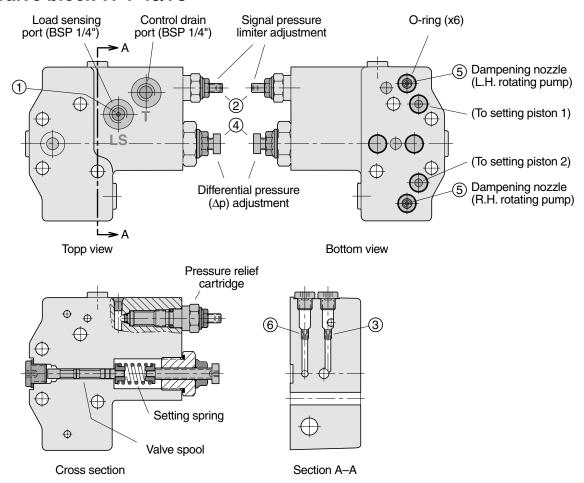


Fig. 2. LS valve block.

Through-shaft coupling VP1-045/075

The VP1 pump has a through-shaft which means that an additional pump, such as a fixed displacement F1, can be installed in tandem with the VP1 by means of an adaptor kit (fig. 3).

NOTE: The bending moment caused by the weight of a tandem assembly normally exceeds that allowed by the PTO.

To prevent damage, the auxiliary pump should be supported by a bracket attached to the gearbox; it *must not* be fastened to the truck chassis.

Likewise, when the tandem assembly is installed on a separate bracket and driven by a cardan shaft, the auxiliary pump should have a support attached to the pump bracket.

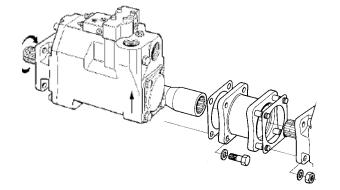


Fig. 3. Adaptor kit (P/N 379 7795) for tandem coupling.

IMPORTANT

Contact Parker Hannifin for additional information when considering tandem mounting a second VP1 pump.



LS load sensing control function VP1-120

Refer to the hydraulic schematic on the right.

A selected 'opening' of the directional control valve spool corresponds to a certain flow to the work function. This flow, in turn, creates a pressure differential Δp over the spool and, consequently, also a pressure differential between the pump outlet and the LS port.

When the differential pressure decreases (e.g. the directional valve is 'opened' further) the Δp also decreases and the LS valve spool moves to the left. The pressure to the setting pistons then decreases and the pump displacement increases.

The increase in pump displacement stops when the Δp finally reaches the setting and the forces acting on the valve spool are equal.

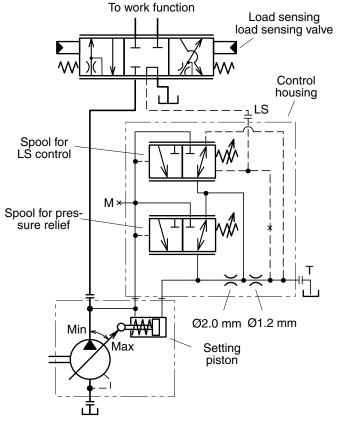
If there is no LS signal pressure (e.g. when the directional valve is in the neutral position) the pump only delivers sufficient flow to maintain the standby pressure as determined by the setting.

Control adjustments

- Signal pressure limiter
 The valve is factory set at 300 bar but is adjustable to 350 bar.
- Standby pressure Δp is factory set at 35 bar but is adjustable between 28 to 40 bar.

The 35 bar setting and the standard orifice sizes shown (see also "Control type LS"), will usually provide an acceptable directional valve characteristic as well as physical system stability.

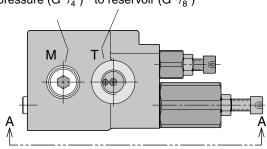
For additional information, contact Parker Hannifin.

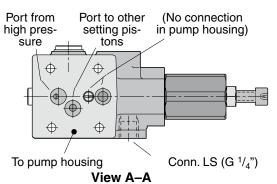


Hydraulic schematic for VP1-120.

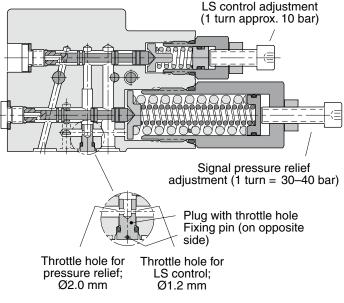
Control type LS (for VP1-120)

Gauge port, high Direct connection pressure (G 1/4") to reservoir (G 3/8")





Cross section of VP1-120 control.



Note: See also the schematic above.



BLA

General information

The BLA boost unit simplifies the building of closed or semi-closed hydrostatic transmissions.

Main features are:

- Replaces conventional charge pump and corresponding valves in many applications
- Allows pump speeds above normal selfpriming speed
- Suitable for system flow rates to 400 l/min
- Includes filter
- Simple construction no moving/wear parts
- · Cost-effective installation
- · Small tank size
- Helps in building a low-cost hydrostatic transmission.

Description

In a closed circuit hydrostatic transmission, a charge pump is normally included with the main pump, providing make-up fluid which replaces pump and motor volumetric losses. It also maintains sufficient pump inlet pressure to avoid cavitation.

The BLA boost unit replaces the charge pump in many applications, when the following conditions are met:

- The max-to-min pump flow ratio does not exceed 2:1
- System pressure changes gradually without frequent and pronounced pressure peaks
- The line length between pump and boost unit is relatively short.

There are two basic sizes of the BLA boost unit:

- BLA 4 (to 160 l/min pump flow)
- BLA 6 (to 400 l/min).

The main part of the unit is an aluminium housing with a built-in nozzle and an injector; refer to the cross section to the right.

When fluid flows from the motor outlet port through the unit and to the pump inlet port, the increased fluid velocity between the nozzle and injector creates a low pressure zone causing additional fluid to be drawn from tank into the main circuit.

Also, pressure increases after the injector, allowing the pump to be operated at speeds higher than the self-priming speed. The 'boost pressure' increases with flow.

The housing includes ports that should be connected to the pump and motor drain ports respectively.

An additional bleed-off nozzle diverts approx. 10% of the main flow through the cartridge filter before being directed to the tank.

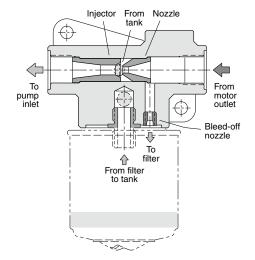
For more information please see our technical catalogue BLA boost unit HY17-8224/UK

Typical applications:

- Fan drives
- Propeller drives
- · Generator drives
- Pump drives.

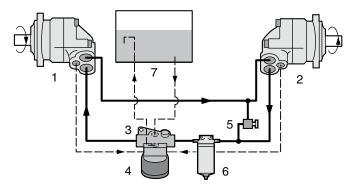
Oil cooling

An oil cooler is usually required in the hydraulic system, in order to remove the heat that is generated in the main circuit. A full-flow oil cooler should be installed in the return line between the motor and the boost unit.



BLA boost unit cross section.

Boost unit installation



- 1. Pump
- 2. Motor
- 3. Boost unit (with injector and nozzle
- 4. Filter cartridge
- 5. Pressure relief valve
- Full-flow filter (when required
- 7. Reservoir



Fittings

Suction fittings

for series F1, F2 and T1 pumps

A 'suction fitting' consists of a straight, 45°, 90° or 135° suction fitting, clamps, cap screws and O-ring.

'Straight' suction fittings

Ordering no.	A mm	B mm	C dia. mm (in.)
378 0635	0	85	38 (11/2")
378 0636	17	136	50 (2")
378 0637 ³⁾	25	145	63 <i>(2</i> ¹ / ₂ ")
378 3523 ³⁾	15	174	75 (3")
378 0973	17	136	45

45° suction fittings

Ordering no.	A mm	B mm	C dia. mm (in.)
378 1234 ¹⁾	60	104	32 (11/4")
378 0633 ¹⁾	60	104	38 (1 ¹ / ₂ ")
378 03642)	67	110	50 (2")
378 0634 ³⁾	75	117	63 <i>(2</i> ¹ / ₂ ")
378 3367 ³⁾	88	129	75 <i>(3")</i>
378 1062	67	110	40
378 0975	67	110	45
378 0965	67	110	48

Suctions fittings for VP1-045/075 see page 45.

- 1) Suitable for frame size F1-25.
- 2) Suitable for frame size F1-41,-51,-61,-81, -101.
- 3) To be used for VP1-120 (3 clamps and 3 screws)

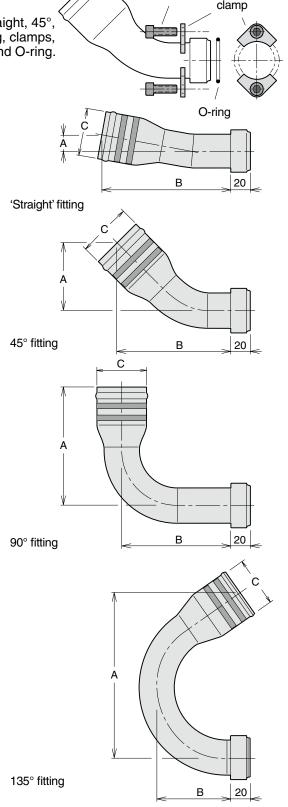
90° suction fittings

Ordering no.	A mm	B mm	C dia. mm (in.)
378 0978	126	83	38 (1 ¹ / ₂ ")
378 0979	135	83	50 (2")
378 1980 ³⁾ 378 0976	147 135	103 83	63 (2 ¹ / ₂ ") 45
378 1980 ³⁾ 378 0976	14 <i>7</i> 135		· -/

135° suction fitting

Ordering no.	A mm	B mm	C dia. mm (in.)
378 1867	166	73	50 (2")

NOTE: A suction fitting *must be ordered sepa-rately* (not included with the pump). To choice the correct dimension of suction connection, see chapter 2.



Suction fitting Cap screw

Hold-down

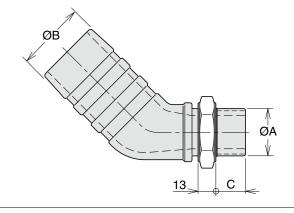


Suitable suction adapters for F1 with BSP port treads

45° adapter

Ordering no.	Α*	В	С
00509024216	1"	2"	18
00509021416	1 ¹ / ₄ "	2"	18
00509021916	1 ¹ / ₄ "	$2^{1}/_{2}$ "	18

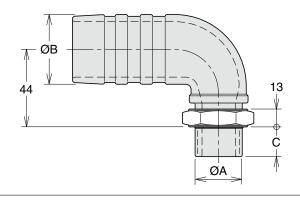
^{*} BSP threads



90° adapter

Ordering no.	Α*	В	С
00509024116	1"	2"	18
00509021716	1 ¹ / ₄ "	2"	18

^{*} BSP threads

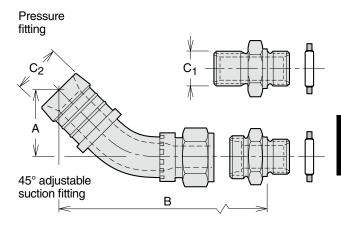


Fitting kits for VP1 pumps

Kits with 45° suction fitting

Pump size	Ordering no.	C_1	$ØC_2$	Α	В
VP1-045/075	379 9563	BSP 3/4"	2"	71	154
VP1-045/075*	379 9562	BSP 1"	21/2"	64	147

^{*} Above 100 l/min



NOTE: A suction fitting *must be ordered sepa- rately* (not included with the pump).

To choice the correct dimension of suction connection, see chapter 2.



Auxiliary Valves

Bypass Valves and Unloading Valves for F1, F2, T1 and VP1 pumps

Contents	Page
Bypass Valve	
BPV-F1-25 and -81 bypass valve	47
BPV-F2 bypass valve	48
BPV-T1-51/81 and -121 bypass valve	49
Unloading Valves	
BPV-L line mounted bypass valve	50
BPV-VP1 unloading valve	51



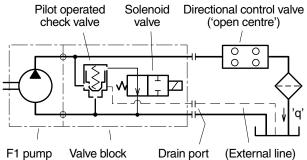
BPV-F1-25 and -81 bypass valve

- The bypass valve is mainly utilised in applications where the F1 pump is driven from the crank-shaft through a cardan shaft, or when it is installed on an engine PTO.
- The BPV bypass valve should be engaged during transportation when the pump is operating constantly and the engine is running at max rpm; the hydraulic system is not sized for the large flow that would otherwise go through it.
- The BPV valve substantially reduces the energy loss during transportation.
- The valve installs directly on top of the pump end cap with a pressure port 'banjo' fitting and an inlet port spacer bushing with two cap screws; refer to the illustration to the right.
- As the BPV valve is symmetrical, it can be 'turned 180°' to prevent interference with chassis components; it can be utilised for either left hand or right hand pumps.
- The valve function must only be activated or released (by means of the 24 VDC solenoid) at no-load (below 20 bar) system pressure.

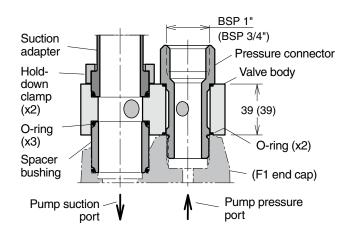
IMPORTANT INFORMATION

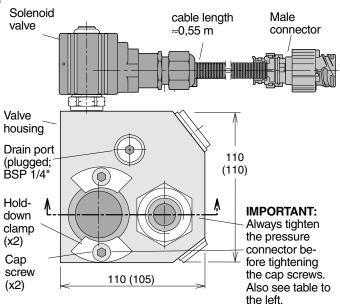
- In order to prevent heat build-up in the pump during transportation, it is important that at least 5 l/min comes out of the filter at 'q' (refer to the schematic). This applies to an 'open center' system when the valve is in the bypass mode (non-activated solenoid).
- Please note:
 - a) If the flow at 'q' is less than 5 l/min (caused e.g. by a high pressure drop in the main system) when the valve is in the bypass mode, or
- b) if the hydraulic system is of the 'closed center' type, then an external drain line **must be installed** from the bypass valve drain port directly to tank as shown in the schematic; a drain kit is available (see below).

Bypass v	BPV-	F1-25/-81	
Max pressure, contin	uous [bar]		350
intermi	ittent [bar]		400
Solenoid volta	age [VDC]		24
Power require	ement [W]		17
•	ting mode	Activate	ed solenoid:
•	ū	Check	valve closed
Bypass	Ordering	For F1	Torque press.
valve kits	number	size	connector to:
BPV-F1 -25, 24 VDC	378 1401	-25/-41/	50 Nm
12 VDC	378 1318		
BPV-F1-81, 24 VDC 12 VDC	378 1402 378 1319	-81/-101	100 Nm
O-ring kit	378 0641	(as illustra	all five O-rings ted to the right); n all valve kits
Drain fitting kit F1-025	378 1640		a drain line onded seal and
Drain fitting kit other F1and F2	378 3039		a drain line a bonded seal.



Bypass valve schematic.





NOTE: Dimensions are shown for BPV-F1-81 (those for BPV-F1-25 are in paranthesis)

Bypass valve installation and cross section.



Truck Hydraulics **Auxiliary valves**

BPV-F2 bypass valve

- An F2 twin pump fitted with a bypass valve can be utilised in applications where the pump is operating constantly i.e. when the pump is driven from the crankshaft through a propshaft, or when it is installed on a PTO. In addition, it can be used when, temporarily, one of the two circuits is not required; the power loss is thus reduced as the non-required flow is not forced through lines and 'open center' valves.
- In most cases, the bypass valve allows the pump to be driven at max engine rpm during transportation at a minimum load. This prevents pump cavitation and high heat generation which may otherwise be encountered at large flows.
- The BPV valve connects the outlet and inlet ports of the pump, and only a small oil flow goes through the system and to the reservoir.
- The valve is installed directly on top of the pump port surface with 'banjo' fittings and two cap screws (refer to the split view to the right).
- As the BPV valve is symmetrical it can be 'turned 180°' so as not to interfere with chassis components. The valve can accommodate left hand as well as right hand rotating pumps.
- The valve can only be engaged or disengaged (through the 24 or 12 VDC solenoid) at low system pressures (below 20 bar).

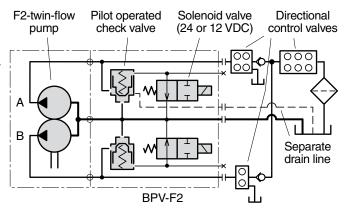
IMPORTANT INFORMATION

- In order to secure a cooling flow through the system, a separate drain line must be connected from the BPV-F2 drain line fitting (shown in the split view) directly to tank; refer also to the schematic.
- The pressure connectors must be tightened (to 50 Nm) before the suction fitting clamp screws are tightened.

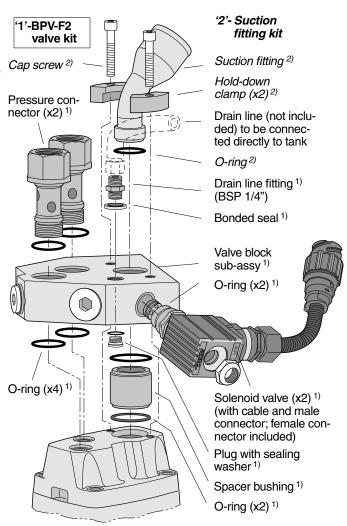
Bypass valve, type	BPV-F2
Max pressure, continuous [bar]	350
intermittent [bar]	400
Solenoid voltage [VDC] standard (optional)	24 <i>(12)</i>
Power requirement [W]	17 (each solenoid)
Operating mode	Activated solenoid: Check valve closed

Bypass valve kits	Ordering number	Torque press. connector to:
BPV-F2, 24 VDC 12 VDC	378 1459 378 1567	50 Nm
O-ring kit	378 0641	Contains all five O-rings (as illustrated to the right); included in all valve kits

- The BPV-F2 valve kit contains parts designated '1' in the split view to the right.
- 2) Contains all O-rings shown in the split view.



Bypass valve circuit schematic (example).



Bypass valve split view (with F2 end cap).

NOTE: A suction fitting kit (parts designated '2' in the split view) is **not** included with the F2 pump; it must be ordered separately (refer to chapter 9).



BPV-T1-51/81 and -121 bypass valve

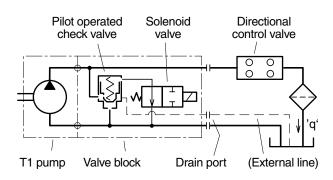
- The bypass valve is mainly utilised in applications where the T1 pump is driven from the crankshaft through a cardan shaft, or when it is installed on an engine PTO.
- The BPV bypass valve should be engaged during transportation when the pump is operating constantly and the engine is running at max rpm; the hydraulic system is not sized for the large flow that would otherwise go through it.
- The BPV valve substantially reduces the energy loss during transportation.
- The valve installs directly on top of the pump end cap with a pressure port 'banjo' fitting and an inlet port spacer bushing with two cap screws; refer to the illustration to the right.
- As the BPV valve is symmetrical, it can be 'turned 180°' to prevent interference with chassis components; it can be utilised for either left or right hand pumps.
- The valve function must only be activated or released (by means of the 24 VDC solenoid) at no-load (below 20 bar) system pressure.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

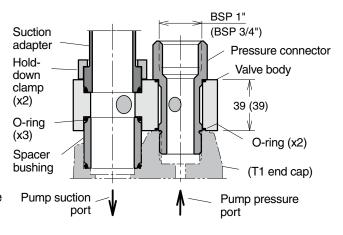
- In order to prevent heat build-up in the pump during transportation, it is important that at least 5 l/min comes out of the filter at 'q' (refer to the schematic). This applies to an 'open center' system when the valve is in the bypass mode (non-activated solenoid).
- Please note:
 - a) If the flow at 'g' is less than 5 I/min (caused e.g. by a high pressure drop in the main system) when
 - the valve is in the bypass mode, or
 b) if the hydraulic system is of the 'closed center' type
 (with a shunt), then an external line **must be** installed from the bypass valve drain port directly to tank as shown in the schematic; a drain fitting kit is available (below).

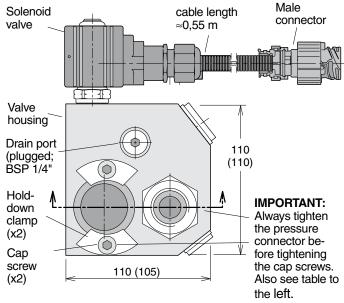
Bypass va	BPV-T1-51/81	and -121	
Max pressure, continu	lous [bar]	200	
intermit	ttent [bar]	350	
Solenoid volta	ge [VDC]	24 or 12	
Power requirement [W] Operating mode		17 Activated sol Check valve	
Bypass valve kits	Ordering number	Torque press connector t	
BPV-T-51/81, 24VDC 12VDC	378 1401 378 1318		Also see fig.
BPV-T1-121, 24VDC	378 1402	100 Nm	to the

12VDC 378 1319 378 0641 Contains all five O-rings O-ring kit (as illustrated to the right) included in all valve kits Drain fitting kit 378 3039 Contains a drain line fitting and a bonded seal.



Bypass valve schematic.





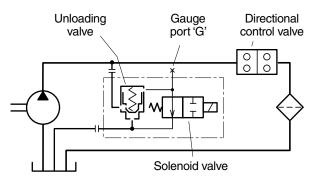
NOTE: Dimensions are shown for BPV-T1-121 (those for BPV-T1-81 are in paranthesis)

Bypass valve installation and cross section.

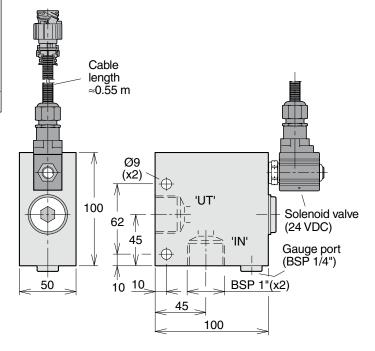


BPV-L line mounted bypass valve

- The unloading valve BPV-L is utilised in hydraulic systems where the fixed displacement pump is engaged constantly and no flow is required, i.e. during transportation. The flow is directed through the unloading valve which has a low pressure loss and less heat is being generated in the system.
- When the solenoid is activated the unloading valve closes and the pump flow is directed to the directional control valve or other user.



Unloading valve, type	BPV-L
Max operating pressure [bar]	350
Max flow [l/min]	250
Solenoid voltage [VDC]	24
Required power [W]	17
Operating mode	Activated solenoid: Check valve closed
Ordering number	378 1487





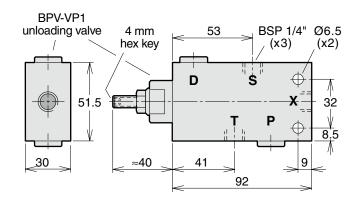
BPV-VP1 unloading valve

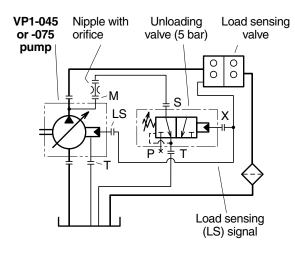
The BPV-VP1 unloading valve is utilised in hydraulic systems where the pump is operating constantly.

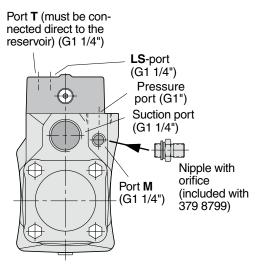
The valve, which requires no additional control valve, allows the pump to operate on- or off-load up to its max selfpriming speed.

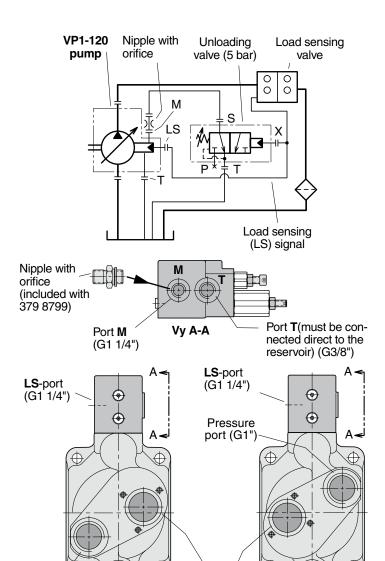
The valve protects the pump from overheating in the off-load mode by allowing a small flow through the pump (refer to the schematic to the right). When a load sensing valve function is engaged, the bypass flow is cut off (as port 'X' is being pressurised).

Valve	Ordering	Rated flow [I/min]	Max press.
type	number		[bar]
BPV-VP1	379 8799	20	400











Right hand pump

Suction port (suitable suction fitting

refer to page 44)

Pressure

port (G1") **Left hand pump**

Accessories

Adapter kits and accessories for F1, F2, T1 and VP1 pumps

Contents	Page
PTO Air Valve Kits:	
Air valve kit for Volvo PTO's	53
Universal PTO air valve kit	53
Air valve kit for Scania PTO's	53
PTO Adapter Kits:	
PTO adapter kit for Scania ED 120 engines	54
PTO adapter kit for Scania ED 160 engines	55
PTO adapter kit for Mercedes engines (Actros)	56
Cardan shafts, pump couplings and mounting brackets	57
Cardan shaft specifications	57
PTO flange adapters	57
Pump couplings	58
SB splitter boxes	59



Universal

Technical Information

Air valve kit for Volvo PTO's

- The air valve kit is suitable for operating a Volvo PTO on Series FM and FH truck chassis (FH introduced Nov. -98). All parts required to operate the PTO are included in the kit (as shown below).
- The air valve can be combined with other air valves on the chassis; this means a simple installation with a common air supply and a minimum of hoses.
- All electrical wires are pre-installed on the chassis.
 The relay should be installed in socket K1-14 behind the dashboard cover.
- Function:

The relay makes sure the PTO is being disengaged as soon as the 'ignition key' is turned off.

To re-engage the PTO, the operator has to put the switch back to neutral, and then move it to the 'ON' position.

Air valve kit for Scania PTO's

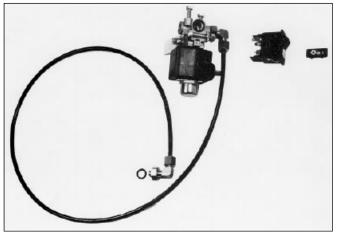
- All parts required for operating a Scania PTO are included in the kit (shown below).
- The air valve kit is suitable for all Scania chassis, Scania Original PTO's, and PTO's from Parker Hannifin for Scania chassis.
- The air valve can be combined with other air valves on the chassis; this means a simple installation with a common air supply and a minimum of hoses.
- All electrical wires are pre-installed on the chassis.



Air valve kit for Volvo PTO's.

PTO air valve kit	Volvo
Air valve nominal voltage [VDC] Nominal current [A] Required power [W] Max air pressure [bar] Air valve nominal voltage [VDC]	24 0.4 9.6 10 1/4"
Operating mode	Activated solenoid: Air valve open and PTO engaged.
Ordering number, series FM and FH ¹⁾	378 1010

¹⁾ Series FH(c) introduced Nov. -98.



Air valve kit for Scania PTO's.

PTO air valve kit	Scania
Air valve nominal voltage [VDC]	24
Nominal current [A]	0.4
Required power [W]	9.6
Max air pressure [bar]	10
Air hose size	1/4"
Operating mode	Activated solenoid:
	Air valve open
	and PTO engaged.
Ordering number	370 5215

Universal PTO air valve kit

- The kit includes all parts required for maneouvering the PTO.
- The air valve kit is suitable for most PTO's with a metric M12x1.5 air connection.
- The air valve can be installed with other air valves on the chassis which means simple installation with common air supply and a minimum of hoses.
- The air valve can be connected to electrical wires usually pre-installed on the chassis.

Omversar	i io ali vaivo nit
24	Air valve nominal voltage [VDC]
0.4	Nominal current [A]
9.6	Required power [W]
10	Max air pressure [bar]
1/4"	Air hose size
Activated solenoid	Operating mode
Air valve open and	
PTO engaged.	
370 8779	Ordering number

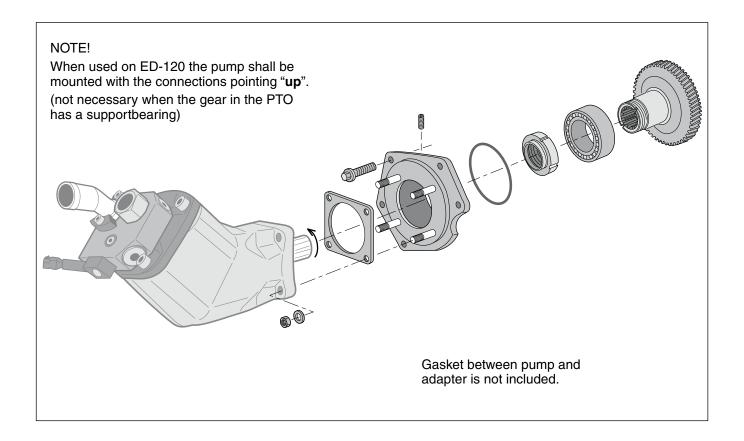
PTO air valve kit



PTO adapter kit for Scania ED 120 engines

The adapter also fit ED90, motor DC9-11, from September 2004 and later.

- With the adapter kit, a hydraulic pump (e.g. F1 or VP1) that meets the ISO standard can be installed on the PTO of the Scania 12 liter engine.
- The PTO gear is supplied with the chassis.
- Please note: The engine must be ordered with a PTO.



Max. torque [Nm] Gear ratio (engine:pump) Pump rotation 600 1 : 1.19 Right hand (clockwise)

PTO adapter kit

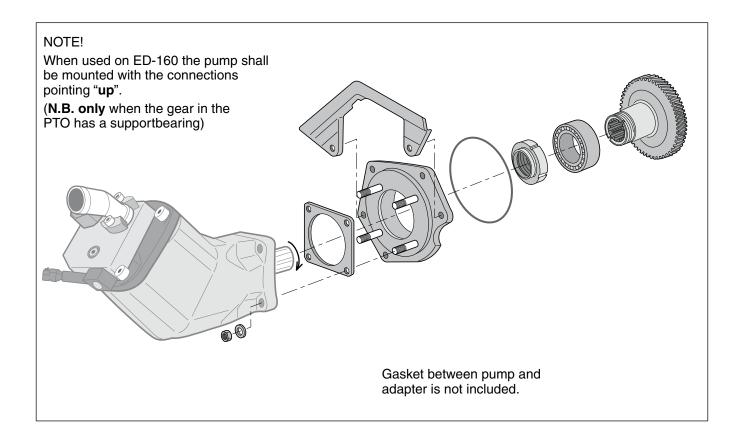
Ordering number

ED-90/120-F1/F2, bearing supported ED-90/120-VP1, bearing supported

378 3080 378 3081

PTO adapter kit for Scania ED 160 engines

- With the adapter kit, a hydraulic pump (e.g. F1 or VP1) that meets the ISO standard can be installed on the PTO of the Scania 16 liter engine.
- The PTO gear is supplied with the chassis.
- Please note: The engine must be ordered with a PTO.



Max. torque [Nm]
Gear ratio (engine:pump)
Pump rotation

600 1 : 1.19 Left hand (counter clockwise)

PTO adapter kit Ordering number

ED-160-F1/F2, bearing supported
ED-160-VP1, bearing supported
378 3082
378 3083



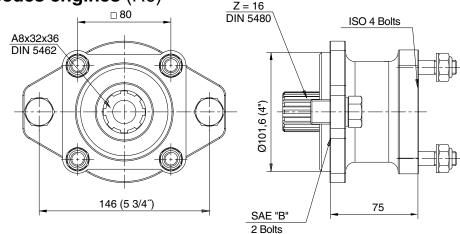
PTO adapter kit for Mercedes engines (R6)

With the adapter kit, a hydraulic pump that meets the ISO standard can be installed on the PTO of the Mercedes R6 engines.

Torque continuous 300 Nm Torque intermittent 330 Nm

Gear ratio

(engine to pump) 1:1.26
Pump rotation Right hand
Ordering No. 0050706404



PTO adapter kit for Mercedes engines (V6, V8)

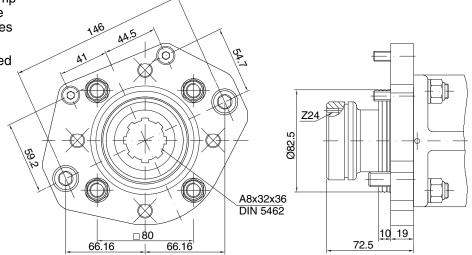
With the adapter kit, a hydraulic pump that meets the ISO standard can be installed on the PTO of the Mercedes V6 and V8 engines.

This adapter (7012104), can be fitted on the original DC SAE -A adapter, delivered together with the new ACTROS from DC factory.

Torque continuous 390 Nm Torque intermittent 470 Nm

Gear ratio

(engine to pump) 1:1.075
Pump rotation Right hand
Ordering No. 00507012104



PTO adapter kit for MAN (D20, D28)

With the adapter kit, a hydraulic pump that meets the ISO standard can be installed on the PTO of the MAN D20 engines.

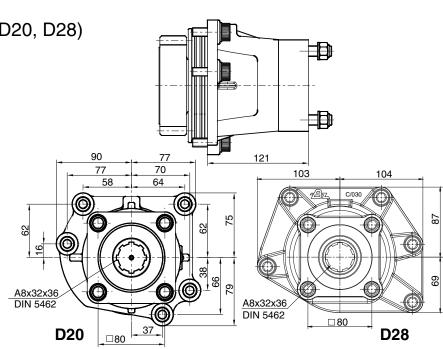
Torque continuous 400 Nm Torque intermittent 570 Nm

Gear ratio

(engine to pump) 1:1.233 Pump rotation Right hand

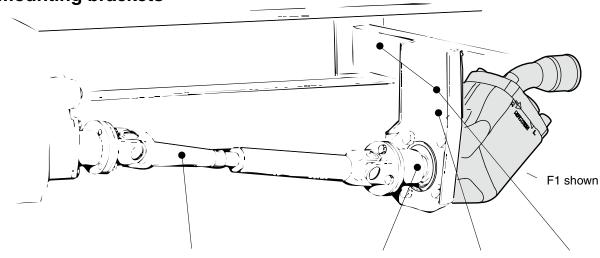
Ordering No:

D20 0050081903 D28 0050081703





Cardan shafts, pump couplings and mounting brackets



Pump or splitter box type	Carda Type	ın shaft kit Ordering no.	Pum _l Type	o coupling Ordering no.	Bracket ordering no.	Bracket kit ordering no.
F1 ¹⁾	SAE 88 ¹⁾	073 001	SAE 881)	370 4628	379 7831	379 7832
F1 (New)	ıı	п	п	378 0644	п	п
F1 (New)	SAE 97	370 0315	SAE 97	378 0645	379 7831	379 7832
F1	"	п	ı ı	370 4631	п	п
F2	n n	п	п	п	п	п
T1-51	п	п	ıı ıı	II .	п	п
VP1	ıı .	II	ıı ıı	п	п	п
SB154, SB118	SAE 97	370 0315	SAE 97/	Included with		370 5220
			DIN 90	splitter box		

¹⁾ The SAE 88 cardan shaft and pump coupling can also be used to drive a series F2, T1-51 or VP1 pump providing max allowed shaft torque (below) is not exceeded.

Cardan shaft specifications

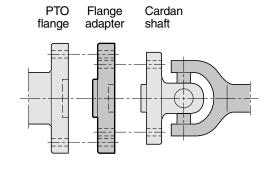
Cardan shaft type	Spicer designation	Max length [mm]	Diameter [mm]	Max torque peak/contin. [Nm]	Ordering number
SAE 88	K1140	1500 ²⁾	45	600/300	073 001
SAE 97	K1310	1500 ²⁾	50	1000/500	370 0315

²⁾ One end not welded. Min length 350 mm.

PTO flange adapters

Cardan shaft type	PTO flange type	Flange adapter ordering no.
SAE 88	SAE 116	370 5895
SAE 97	SAE 116	370 5896
SAE 116	SAE 97	370 5897 ³⁾
DIN 90	DIN 100	370 5898
DIN 100	DIN 90	370 5899 ³⁾

WARNING! The utilised cardan shaft torque limits (above) must not be exceeded.





Truck Hydraulics **Accessories**

Pump couplings

Designation	DIN 90 (fig. 1)
A	90
В	74.5
С	47 h7
D	M8
E ₁	61.5
VP1, F2, F1*	370 4634
F1	378 0642

NOTE: Max torque is limited by the cardan shaft.

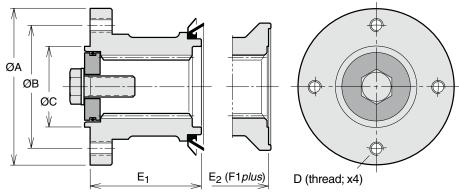


Fig. 1. DIN 90 (370 4634)

(378 0642)

Designation	DIN 90 (fig. 2)
Α	90
В	74.5
С	47 h7
D	8.2
E ₁	61.5
E ₂ (F1)	57.2
VP1, F2, F1*	370 7423

NOTE: Max torque is limited by the cardan shaft.

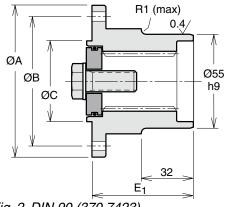
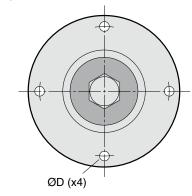


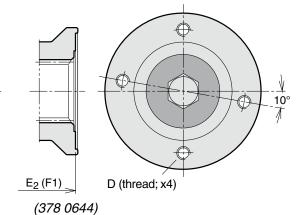
Fig. 2. DIN 90 (370 7423)



Designation	SAE88 (fig. 3)
Α	88
В	69.9
С	57.15 H8
D	5/ ₁₆ " UNC
E ₁	65
E ₂ (F1)	59.5
Max torque [Nm]	
interm./contin.	600/300
VP1, F2, F1* F1	370 4628 378 0644

ØΑ ØB ØC E₁

Fig. 3. SAE 88 (370 4628)



Designation	SAE97 (fig. 4)
Α	97
В	79.4
С	60.33 H8
D	3/ ₈ " UNC
E ₁	65
E ₂ (F1)	59.5
Max torque [Nm]	
interm./contin.	1000/500
VP1, F2, F1*	370 4631
F1	378 0645

F1* Old versions

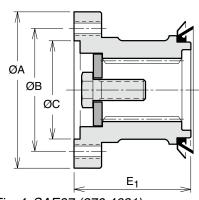
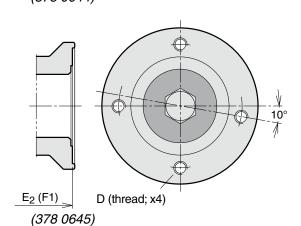


Fig. 4. SAE97 (370 4631)



Parker Hannifin Pump and Motor Division Trollhättan, Sweden



Technical Information

SB splitter boxes

- The splitter box is utilised to drive two pumps, providing two separate, independent flows.
- The high permissible input shaft torque allows two large pumps to be operated simultaneously;
 make sure, however, that the PTO and the cardan shaft will stand the intended load.
- Pump mounting flange and shaft end must meet the ISO standard.
- The splitter box is available with either of two gear ratios (input shaft-to-pump):

SB 118 - 1:1.18 **SB 154** - 1:1.54

 The shipping carton contains all parts required for the installation of the two pumps.

Recommendations

Use the following tables to verify that max pump rpm and max splitter box input torque are not exceeded.

Pump	Max input s	speed [rpm]
size	SB 118	SB 154
F1-25	2200	1650
F1-41	2000	1550
F1-51	1850	1400
F1-61	1850	1400
F1-81	1650	1250
F1-101	1500	1150

Example: An SB 118 with an F1-025 and an F1-081 can be operated at max 1650 rpm (splitter box input speed), and an SB 154 with the same pumps at max 1250 rpm (2 1/2 ")

Pump size		put torque 300 bar	
F1-25	101	122	142
F1-41	162	195	227
F1-51	203	243	284
F1-61	236	284	331
F1-81	324	388	453
F1-101	412	495	577

Example: An F1-041-at 350 bar requires 227 Nm and

F1-061 at 300 bar 284 Nm

Total required splitter box input torque: **SB 118:** (227 + 284) x 1.18 » 605 Nm. **SB 154:** (227 + 284) x 1.54 » 787 Nm. Compare with max permissible torque

(interm. 1000 Nm; continuous 700 Nm).

NOTE: If the splitter box should be utilised at close

to the max permissible torque and/or max the permissible speed, please contact

Parker Hannifin

Installation information

1. Series F1 and T1 (fig. 2)

Valid: At continuous operation less than 30 min. and/or less than 80 kW continuous power output.

- Remove the uppermost drain plug and add 0.5 liter Shell Spirax AX (or similar fluid).
- Install the breather (and the 90° adapter, part no. 378 1069, if required).

NOTE: The F1 or T1 shaft seal must not be removed.

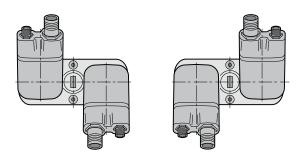
2. Series F1 (right illustration, fig. 3)

Valid: At continuous operation more than 30 min. and/or more than 80 kW continuous power output.

 Install hose kit 378 1085 between the lowest drain port on one of the pumps (see fig. 3) and the BPV-F1-25 och -81 avlastningsventiler

lowest drain port of the splitter box.

 Install a drain hose between the drain port on the side of the splitter box and the reservoir; it must end below the lowest oil level in the reservoir.
 Utilise one of the banjo couplings included in hose kit 378 1085.



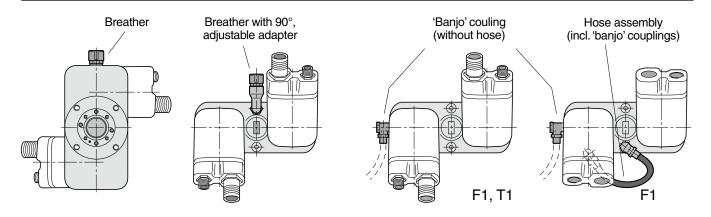
NOTE: The inlet (suction) ports of the pumps should always face the splitter box center, as shown, in order to counteract internal gear forces.

Fig. 1. F1-pumps installed on a splitter box.

Designation	SB 118	SB 154
Gear ratio (inp. shaft-to-pump) Max input torque	1:1.18	1:1.54
intermittent/continuous [Nm]	——1000/700 —— Housing oil tempe- rature must not	
Max power		
	exceed 75 °C.	
Weight [kg]	—— 11.5 ——	
Ordering No, bearing supported	00506010699	00506010599



Truck Hydraulics Accessories



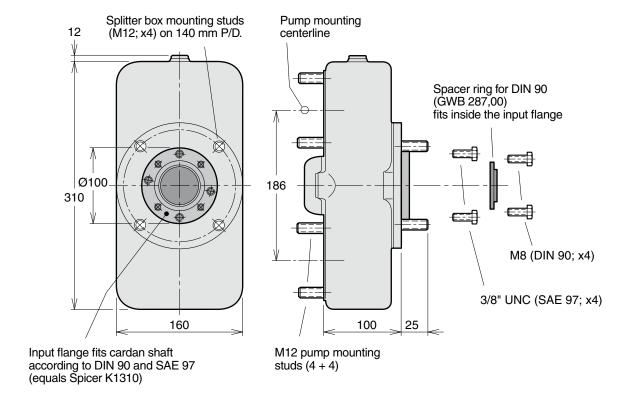
Breather kit (incl. 90°, adjustable adapter and seals): Part no. 378 1069.

Fig. 2. Breather installation on the splitter box.

Hose kit (hose sub-ass'y and separate 'banjo' coupling): Part no. 378 1085.

Fig. 3. Forced cooling of the splitter box.

Splitter box installation



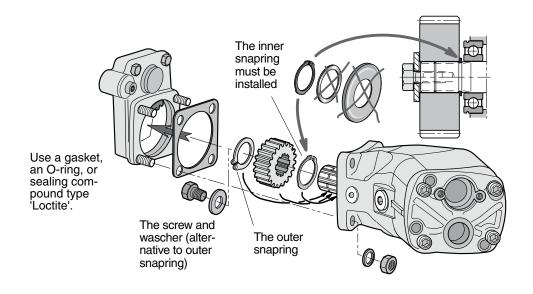


11

Installation and start up

Installing couplings, sleeves, and gears on the pump shaft.

This is a short installation and start up information. To have the complete and latest installation information, always see the installation info supplied together with the pump.



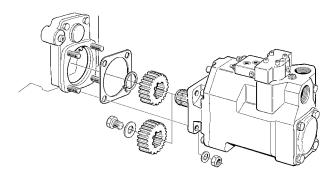


Fig. 6. VP1-to-PTO installation.

IMPORTANT

Our special tool facilitates installing couplings, sleeves, and gears on the pump shaft. Force must never be used when installing these parts on the F1 shaft.

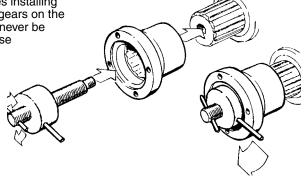


Fig. 7 Mounting tool.

NOTE: When considering installing an F1 on a splitter box, please refer to the installation information provided on pages 59- 60, chapter 11



Installation and start-up for F1, F2 and T1



Left hand (L.H.; counter clockwise) rotating pump.

Direction of rotation

The pictures above show direction of flow vs. shaft rotation.

The direction of rotation can be changed (i. e. from right hand to left hand) by turning the end cap.

Remove the four cap screws and turn the end cap about half a turn while making sure it stays in contact with the barrel housing.

Re-fit the cap screws and torque to 80-100 Nm.

Installation

The top illustration on page 61 shows two ways of installing a gear on the shaft of fixed displacement pumps. The pump shaft spline end usually fits directly in the PTO internal spline coupling.

NOTE: In order to obtain the longest bearing life, the pump should be installed according to the information shown on page 63 "Pump bearing life".

Fluid viscosity

Recommended viscosity: 20 to 30 mm²/s (cSt).

Operating viscosity limits:

- Min 10 mm²/s; max 400 mm²/s.
- At start-up, max 4000 mm²/s.



Right hand (R.H.; clockwise) rotating pump.

Fluids

The fixed displacement pumps data shown in the specifications for each pump in chapter 3 to 6 are valid when operating on high quality, mineral based hydraulic oil.

Type HLP (according to DIN 51524) hydraulic oil is suitable as well as biologically degradeable fluids like natural and synthetic esters and polyalfaolefins.

The utilised hydraulic fluid shall meet one of the following Swedish standards:

- SS 15 54 34
- SMR Hydraulic Oil Standard 1996-2. Contact Parker Hannifin for further information.

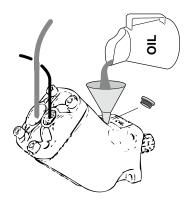
NOTE: - ATF (automatic transmission fluid) and API type
CD engine oils may also
be useable.

 Seals are made of nitrile rubber; make sure the utilised fluid is compatible with this material.

Fluid temperature

Main circuit: Max 75 °C.

NOTE: When considering installing an fixed displacement pump on a splitter box, please refer to the installation information provided on pages 59 and 60, chapter 11.



Before start-up, the housing must be filled with hydraulic fluid.

Drain line

Fixed displacement pumps don't need an external drain line as they are internally drained.

When the pump is mounted in a Engine-PTO we recommend a drain line from the bypassvalve directly to oiltank.

Filtration

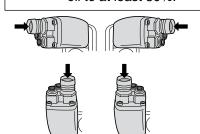
Filtration should follow ISO standard 4406: 1987, code 18/13. To obtain the longest life of fixed displacement pumps, we recommend an oil cleanliness of 10 µm (absolute).

Start-up

Make sure the entire hydraulic system is clean before filling it with a recommended hydraulic fluid. In particular, make sure the pump is filled (to at least 50%) as the internal leakage does not provide sufficient lubrication at start-up.

NOTE: - The suction port should always be above the pressure port when the pump is installed above the reservoir oil level.

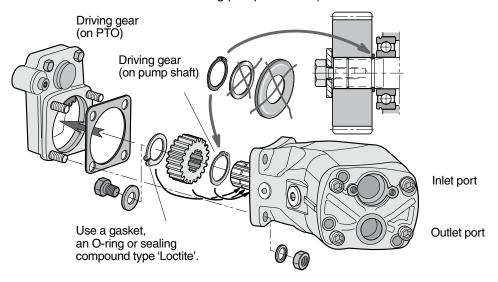
> During operation, the pump must be filled with oil to at least 50%.





T1-to-PTO installation

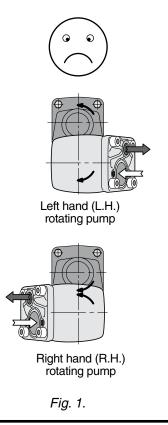
- 'Left hand' and 'Right hand' rotation defined in the illustrations on page 62.
- The driving gear of the PTO and the driven gear of the pump are shown in the illustration below. (A right hand rotating pump is shown).

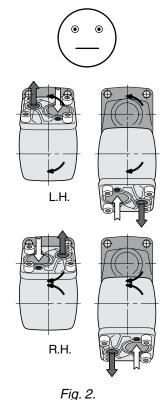


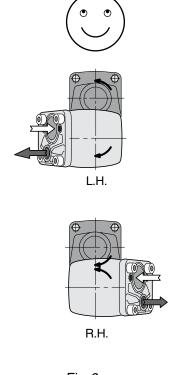
Pump bearing life

Bearing life is dependent on how the pump is installed on the PTO as shown in the illustrations below. A pump mounted according to fig. 1 gives the lowest bearing life; the highest is obtained when installed according to fig. 3.

Parker Hannifin will assist in determining bearing life in a particular application.







3





Installation and start-up for VP1

Direction of rotation

The basic VP1 pump is uni-directional; there is a left hand and a right hand version (indicated by the arrow on the side of the VP1 pump (fig. 4 and 5).

Consequently, the required direction of rotation must be stated when ordering the pump.

Installation

The VP1 can be installed (close-coupled) directly on a PTO (which meets ISO DIN 5462).

Before start-up, the pump must be filled with hydraulic fluid and purged. Utilise the uppermost purge plug (refer to the installation drawing on pages 36 and 38, chapter 7).

Figure 6 (page 61) shows two ways of installing a gear on the VP1 shaft. On a non-geared or a geared PTO with support bearings, the pump shaft is usually installed directly in the internally splined PTO output shaft.

Hydraulic fluids

The VP1 data shown in the specifications on page 35, chapter 7 are valid when operating on a high quality, mineral based fluid.

Hydraulic fluids type HLP (DIN 51524), ATF (auto- matic transmission fluids), and API type CD engine oils are suitable.

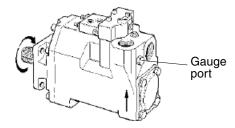


Fig. 4. Left hand rotating pump.

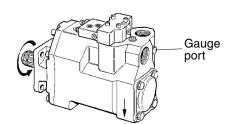


Fig. 5. Right hand rotating pump.

Fluid temperature

Main circuit: Max 75 °C.

Viscosity

Recommended viscosity: 20 to 30 mm²/s (cSt). Operating viscosity limits: 10 to 400 mm²/s. At start-up: Max 1000 mm²/s.

Filtration

To obtain long VP1 life, we recommend a filtration level of:

- 25 µm (absolute) in clean environment or at low pressures.
- 10 μm (absolute) in contaminated environment or at high pressures.

Filtration should meet ISO standard 4406: 1987, code 18/13.

Drain line

The LS valve *requires a separate drain line;* it should be routed directly to the reservoir (refer to fig. 8).

Start-up

Make sure the entire hydraulic system is clean before filling it with a recommended fluid.

In addition, the VP1 pump must be purged to remove any entrapped air in the pump housing; utilise the uppermost purge port (fig. 8).

IMPORTANT

As shown in fig. 8, the pump inlet must always be below the lowest reservoir oil level.

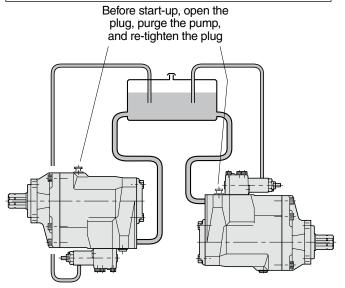


Fig. 8. VP1 should be installed below the reservoir fluid level.

Purging should be performed when the pump is connected to the reservoir and the system is filled with fluid.

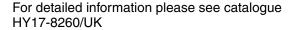


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